EVENING TELEGRAPH.

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we will close out our immense line of

Shirt Waists

AT COST!

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That is The Question.

Whether it is better in the end to suffer the sorrows and disappointments that *poor* paint will bring, or at the start provide the *best* that can be bought and end it there.

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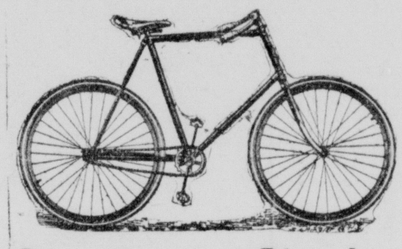
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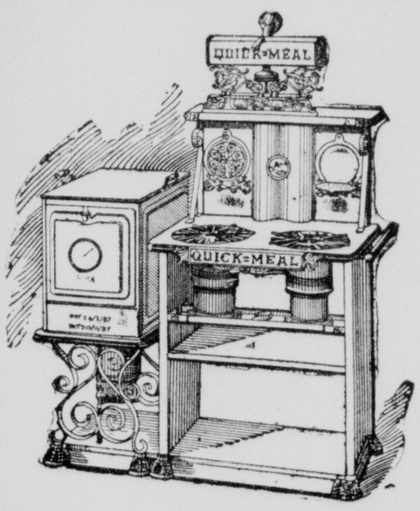


Bargains in Bicycles.

In order to close out what wheels we have on hand we can make you some special prices on the best bicycles made.

S. S. DODGE, The Jeweler.

Corner Main and Hennepin Ave.



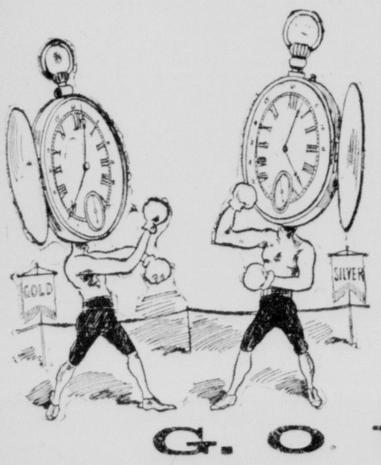
Quick Meal Gasoline STOVES!

A radical departure; sides as smooth as glass and shining like mirrows; no rivet or screw-heads show; no dust can settle under the stove; upper shelf for pans and skillets; base for pots, vessels and utensils; heavy, unbreakable wrought steel bases.

The Largest Line in Town!

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Gold Or Silver?

watch—which shall it be? It is for you to say and for Wendel to give you a choice from the best variety of timekeepers in silver or gold cases. All of our watches are of the finest manufacture, from the celebrated makers of the U. S. We have a great many small clocks, bracelet watches and chatelaines just now at low prices.

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Drugs, Paints, Curtains, Wall Paper.

Best Goods! Lowest Prices!

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W. D. Duffin, Registered Druggist,

☞ Use Duffin's Life Balsam for Coughs and all Pulmonary troubles.

Corner Drug Store, Dixon, Illinois

—Attorney Brown is up from Mendota.

—C. K. Ladd spoke in Freeport Saturday night.

—Miss Sophie Greenway of Sterling is here on a visit.

—J. J. Nugent is a traveler here from Chicago today.

—City council meeting on Friday evening of this week.

—Miss Nellie Pannenbacker of Rock Falls is here on a visit.

—C. H. Miller of Eldena was doing "biz" in our city Saturday.

—Miss Bertha Swartley of Sterling is here to visit several days.

—Miss Maggie Maloney returned to her home at Warren Saturday.

—The Episcopal church will be closed for the next three Sundays.

—Mrs. Marteeny is entertaining S. W. Winders, wife and family, from Sycamore.

—Americans of Scotch descent held a large picnic at Trout Park near Chicago yesterday.

—The dead body of a tramp was found on the railroad track at Mt. Carroll, Friday.

—Mr. Ryan from Galesburg is a visitor at the Mrs. D. R. Bowles home on Madison avenue.

—Young Men's Catholic Temperance Society will meet this evening in their hall at 8 o'clock.

—Mrs. M. Cahill and son Edward, and Mr. and Mrs. E. B Daly drove to Sterling yesterday.

—From August 27th to Sept. 26th the Adventists will hold a series of meetings at Assembly Park.

—Mrs. Charles E. Ebert is with Mrs. F. A. Watson and will not return to Chicago until Thursday,

—E. B. Daly of Aurora came yesterday to join his wife, who is visiting her mother, Mrs. Cahill, and he returned home today.

—The Walnut Moter says that its forty pound cat fish story is true and there is room in Green river for several such "cats."

—Fred Reed, a former Amboy division conductor will run the new train, the "Daylight Express" between Chicago and St. Louis.

—Ed. Benjamin of Chicago came out Saturday and returned to the city with his wife today. Mrs. Benjamin has been here some time.

—There were fifteen horses in the race at Cleveland Saturday in which Stormcliff was entered and he got a middle place in the field each heat.

—The Royal Neigbors meet tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. Business of importance is to be transacted and the presence of all old as well as new members is desired.

—The new woman is coming and she comes like Jehu, furiously; she is a scorcher. She comes on a bike and sickly men must stand from under. She ran down one last week in Chicago and killed him.

—Candidate Bryan said that if Sewall was not nominated by the Populists at St. Louis he would refuse their nomination. It turns out now that Mr. Bryan in that statement uttered what he probably knew was not true.

—The law on prairie chickens is off the 15th of September and not the 15th of August, as some suppose. Quite a number of the feathered inhabitants of the plains are in sight, and good feed has made them very choice.

—John Zendt received a badly bruised face while running a footrace in Dixon yesterday. He stepped on the end of a plank, the other end flew up and hit him over the left eye. badly disfiguring it.—Sterling Gazette.

—C. B. Granger has returned from Dubuque where he has been training Bill Mayo for the fight that took place yesterday. Mayo is a Chicago pugilist and his opponent was Armstrong of nobody knows where, and the latter knocked Mayo out in short order.

—Democrats of Stephenson County in convention at Freeport Friday nominated the following local ticket: Circuit Clerk, W. F. Goddard; States Attorney, Douglas Pattison; Coroner, Dr. J. A. Poling; Surveyor, T. E. Josel.

—A man arrested at Clinton, Iowa, last week guided the police to a large tree on the river bank above that city and disclosed to them about seventy-five dollars worth of the jewelry that was stolen in Rock Falls circus day.

—Detroit Free Press (Dem): A Bryan paper reports with evident satisfaction that the ghost of A. Lincoln has come out for the Boy Orator. When it can demonstrate that there is a ghost of a show for Bryan the campaign will become interesting.

POLITICAL DISCUSSION!

MESSRS. LADD AND SCHOONMAKER TALK AT ASSEMBLY PARK.

A Large Crowd Listens—Tariff and Money.

[Continued from Saturday]

Mr. Ladd answered Mr. Schoonmaker as follows:—

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:—I am not a candidate for office, and do not come here to beg favor of you. I shall not try to palaver you, but I will simply state that I am an Amercian citizen. I know no North, no South, no East, no West. This government is a government, and should be a government of the people, by the people and for the people, and for the greatest good to the greatest number. That is the only way it can be successfully conducted. Therefore, you will pardon me and not consider it any mark of disrespect if I do not go back of the Ark in answer to his arguments. I do not care whether any aristocrat got into congress as a Democrat or not at that time, but if he will get down to the history of his own day he will find that the aristocrats are now leaving us and are going with the Republican party. Why are you here and how does it happen that this Association may have these beautiful grounds for the recreation and improvement of the people? In no other nation in this world can it be done. If it were in England it would have to submit to license conditions and be surrounded by police, the Queen's Own to back them. If it were in Germany you would have to have an imperial permit to come here together to meet and discuss propositions of general interest, and if it were in Russia you would not be allowed to meet at all. What makes the difference. It is this, that the people are equal, and we believe that the man born in the palace is no better than the man born in the hut, or as the Irishman puts it, in a barn with the horses. That is the difference. The men who make our laws want no title of any kind, except as congressman so and so. Your chairman introduced me as Honorable. That is an expression that should never be used. We are all honorable. But I will say the tendency runs a little that way. Now when I speak about the Republican Party I mean the leaders; I do not mean the rank and file. The rank and file is just as good as we are, they are as good citizens. They want prosperity, and so do we, and in advocating that which hurts us we are hurting ourselves, because there are as many of us as there are of them, and I say the Republican Party has never been in the majority in this country and has never elected a President by a majority of the popular vote. We would be foolish in advocating that which would injure us. We are in earnest in it as well as you are. Our property is here, our families are here, and the same motives prompt us as prompt them. But I speak of the leaders of the class of Alexander Hamilton, saying as he did in his paper in New York that he did not believe in the people, or in his own words, the people are an uneducated beast, they cannot be trusted. Thomas Jefferson wrote and believed that the government should derive their power from the governed. You never heard of a republican club being called Jeffersonian, but you have heard them called Hamiltonian, the leading Republican Club of Chicago being of that name; and why: Because Hamilton's ideas were their ideas. The Republican Party has made combinations and trusts and millionaires. When I was a boy I never heard of a millionaire except Astor and Girard. But now, the manufacturer is a millionaire. In '68 Carnegie and his brother were then running their business and were bargaining with a party in Chicago to buy out their plant for $4,000. They asked 90 days credit and were refused, not being considered good, and they are now giving away twenty thousand to this library and twenty to that, as a result of Republican administrations. If I could save ten dollars a day it would take me three hundred years to get a million dollars, and here these men get it in a few years. Jay Gould was a brakeman. He did not get his money in that way, he got it by law. Why is it we are not better off than we are? This accumulation of money has caused the farmer to be out of money, and thousands of tramps are going through the country without labor. Coxey's Army were aided in their tramping by a millionaire to show that it was a result of the election in 1892. These hard times, my friend says, were brought about by that election. It is a good thing for a man to

(Continued on page 5.)

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY

new fall styles in

Dress Goods, Carpets,

Lenoliums, Oil Cloths, Curtains.

WE QUOTE THE LOWEST PRICES!

Chas. H. Lapham & Co.

J. H. MORRIS & SON GROCERS

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CORRECT AND ELEGANT LETTER WRITING

is an accomplishment that all should acquire. To do this you have to keep in touch with the latest styles in writing paper, envelopes, cards and the etiquette of form. For all kinds of fashionable correspondence in delicate tinted paper, pads, blue bond paper, cream white note paperf Hurds' Royal Vellum, and all the correct and up-to-date things in stationery, go to

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GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES The World's Best

Bicycle Oil!

The finest that can be had.
Put up especially for us,

10c per Bottle.

Remember, our HAMMOCKS are the most desirable in the market.

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HARDWARE

Closing Out at Cost

and Below Cost, our entire line

Shirt Waists!

Our stock of Shirt Waists MUST be sold before August 1st.

Brubaker & Carpenter,

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THE COAL "COMBINE"

may land you anywhere as to prices—for of course our price to you is governed by the Combination's price to us. Better get what you need *now*, before the monopoly forces the price beyond present expectations. We won't raise it one cent above fair profit and will continue to sell the best coal at the lowest market rates.

Geo. R. Woodruff.

Telephone 37. 259 Third St.

IF YOU WANT

a Side-board or a Nice Combination Book Case, Heavy Oak Extension Table, or a Brass Onyx Top Stand, we have them. Soft Couches and Easy Chairs, in rattan back, cobbler seat, polished wood seats, and everything in the chair line. Call and examine our tock before purchasing elsewhere.

Prices That Are Right.

C. Gonnerman,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

FIRST ST.

WE ARE DAILY

adding to our stock of goods something new. We have just received 25 rolls of opaque hand made shade goods of a variety of colors. If you are in need of shades, give us a call, we are sure we can please you. We have a few Brass and Iron bedsteads. Our aim is to give you good goods and lowest prices.

Harvey Camp & Son.

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City Steam Laundry

All goods called for and delivered.

Public Bath Rooms!

HOURS OF BEING OPEN. Week days until 9:00; Saturday until 12:00 at night, and Sunday until noon.

HARTSHORN & DETRICK

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The "Twin Comet" and "Little Giant"

Lawn Sprinkler!

Best made. Unique, Efficient and Labor Saving. Will sprinkle four times greater area than any others. Highest award at the Chicago Eposition.

E. Stebbins, Mfg. Co.

Sole Manufacturers

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

JOHN WASLEY, Dixon Agent.

Spring Styles!

Our line of samples for Spring and Summer Season, has been selected with a view of meeting the demands of the mes, and we feel confident that the styles, fit and workmanship will meet with your approval. 5000 different patterns to select from; everything in the market, foreign and domestic, from a Corduroy Vest to a Suit of English Broadcloth.

ED. F. CAHILL,

18 Galena Avenue. UP STAIRS

BOURKE COCKRAN.

The Noted New York Democrat Returns from Europe

HAS VIGOROUS POLITICAL VIEWS.

What He Thinks the Democrats Should Do in the Present Crisis—Can't Understand Where Tammany Is At—California Man Has a Plan for Democratic-Populistic Fusion on Electors—Miscellaneous Notes from the Field of Politics.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Bourke Cochran returned Saturday from Europe by the steamer Paris. Cochran did not forget American politics during his trip, and he has evolved a plan by which he thinks the defeat of the Chicago candidates may be encompassed. Speaking of the situation he said: "I regard it as the gravest in the history of the country, exceeding in importance the crisis of 1860. The secession



BOURKE COCKRAN.

movement was but an attempt to divide this country between two governments, each of them designed to protect property within the limits of its jurisdiction. The movement launched at Chicago is an attempt to paralyze industry by using all the powers of government to take property from the hands of those who created it and place it in the hands of those who covet it. This is a question of morals as well as of politics."

Can't Understand Tammany's Action.

"Do you mean that you will actively oppose the Democratic party, or abstain from active support of it?"

"In a contest for the existence of civilization no man can remain neutral. Whoever does not support the forces of order aids the forces of disorder. If I can do anything to thwart a movement the success of which I should regard as an irreparable calamity not only to this country but to civilized society everywhere I shall certainly do it."

"What do you think of Tammany's action in indorsing the ticket?"

"I simply can't understand it. They strongly opposed the platform at Chicago on the ground that it was an assault on the integrity of the nation. They decline to ratify it even now, which shows that they haven't changed their opinion of it. Yet they have indorsed the candidate who stands upon it."

Does Not Believe in a New Candidate.

"Will you support Major McKinley outright, or do you favor the nomination of another Democratic candidate?"

"I believe that all Democrats who are so thoroughly in favor of sound money that they place the defeat of Bryan above the interests of any organization or party should meet in convention for the purpose of considering the method by which they can give the greatest efficiency to their opposition. For my part I do not believe that the nomination of other candidates for president and vice president, however eminent and deserving they might be personally or politically, would serve any useful purpose. Nobody believes that they could be elected, and any Democrat whose hostility to Populism and Republicansim would not allow him to support either Bryan or McKinley could show his opposition to both by remaining at home on election day."

He Would Vote for McKinley.

"Your obvious policy, then, would be to indorse the McKinley electors?"

"Precisely. The Democrats who will have achieved the success of their financial plank by the election of McKinley will yet constitute an opposition to the Republican party the day after election, based on principles which are certain to be ultimately adopted by the American people What is needed, therefore, is not a new ticket, but a new platform which will declare in unmistakable language the cardinal features of the party faith, and which, while indorsing McKinley electors, will provide for a really Democratic opposition to the McKinley administration during the period of its existence."

CALIFORNIA PLAN OF FUSION.

Method of Meeting the Dilemma Occasioned by Watson's Nomination.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3.—The following fusion plan for California, adaptable also to many other states, approved by Colonel Geissman Maguire and other Democratic leaders, has been submitted to Chairmen Jones and Butler, of the national Democratic and Populist committees, by Frank K. Lane, formerly managing editor of the Tacoma News, now an attorney of this city: "The purpose of this plan is to secure the full vote of both Democratic and Populist parties for Mr. Bryan, while allowing to each full opportunity to bring out the party strength for its vice-presidential nominee.

"California having nine votes in the electoral college, the state committees of both parties should agree upon an electoral ticket composed of both Populists and Democrats. The number of each on the ticket is of little consequence. As there were at the last election about half as many Populists votes as Democratic the electoral ticket might be made up of six Democrats and three Populists. But the number of each, as will be shown later, is of no importance. This electoral ticket of Democrats and Populists shall be voted for by both parties, on the understanding that if the Populists cast more votes in the state than the Democrats the electors, Democrats and Populists, shall vote for Watson for vice president.

"The strength of the two parties can be judged by their vote on some state office on which party lines are drawn. The only state official voted for in California at this election is the lieutenant governor. Let it be agreed between the state committees and the electors that if the Democratic vote for lieutenant governor is greater than the Populist vote for the same officer the nine electors shall vote for Bryan and Sewall, or if Populists out-vote the Democrats that all nine shall vote for Bryan and Watson."

ILLINOIS GOLD DEMOCRACY

Holds Its State Convention on the 25th—That Ticket Question.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The "sound money" Democrats of Illinois will hold their state convention in Chicago Aug. 25. This was decided at a meeting at the headquarters in the Palmer House Saturday. The leaders present were Charles A. Ewing, chairman; Thomas A. Moran, John P. Hopkins, R. E. Spangler, ex-Congressman William S. Forman; Judge James T. Hoblitt, of Lincoln, and James H. Williamson, of Quincy.

At a meeting of the executive committee Hinrichsen's threat to refuse to certify to any stata ticket if its title contained the word "Democrat" or "Democracy" except the "regular" Bryan ticket was discussed. It was practically decided that the sound-money Democracy will, if their ticket is kept from a position on the official ballot, call upon every gold-standard Democrat in Illinois to vote the straight Republican ticket.

The Democratic state central committee will meet here today to map out plans for the campaign. Chairman Hinrichsen arrived last night

BRYAN CLUB AT CANTON.

One of Its Members Says That to Pay Bonds in Gold Is Treason.

CANTON, O., Aug. 3.—Secretary John Harmony, of the Free Silver club, which has been advertised for several days to be forming here, after an organized canvass says that over 150 persons have pledged themselves to become members. Harmony is ex-secretary of the Democratic county campaign committee. During a meeting of this club C. T. Meyer, referring to the paying of government bonds in gold as issued under President Cleveland, concluded his speech by saying: "It is the anarchy of capital despoiling the poor. It is worse than treason. It is treason to humanity, and the man who advocates this great act of repudiation and spoliation—no matter if it is McKinley or Hill—is guilty of a treason as infamous as that of Jeff Daviss himself."

NO ACTION ON H. C. PAYNE.

Chicago Trades and Labor Assembly Drops the Fight Against Him.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The special committee of the Trades and Labor assembly appointed some time ago to investigate the charges against H. C. Payne, of Milwaukee, regarding his hostility to trades unions and labor organizations, presented its report to that body last night, and recommended that no action be taken. The report met with vigorous opposition, but was finally adopted.

WANT HIS SENATORIAL SCALP.

Colorado Republicans Said to Have Demanded Wolcott's Resignation.

DENVER, Aug. 3—An evening paper last evening published in an extra the statement that a meeting of leading Republicans was held yesterday which decided to demand the resignation of Senator Wolcott on account of his support of the Republican national ticket.

Secretary Morton Speaks.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Aug. 3.—Hon. J. Sterling Morton delivered a non-partisan address on finance Saturday. He drew comparisons between the money of the country when he came to Nebraska in pioneer days and now. He said then it was something substantial—such as cattle, horses and hogs—and not until the present was there an effort to create value from something which had no value as a commodity. He had a large and enthusiastic audience.

Democratic Paper Bolts Bryan.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Aug. 3.—The Gazette, the leading Democratic daily in eastern Iowa, after announcing ten days ago that it would try to support Bryan and the Chicago platform, now comes out in a double-leaded editorial flatly refusing to go further on such a platform. It says the Populists captured the Democratic national convention by chance and true Democrats are not bound to support the ticket.

Ottumwa Gold Democrats.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Aug. 3.—The "sound money" Democrats of Ottumwa called a meeting to select delegates to the "sound money" conference at Des Moines tomorrow, and selected a delegation of fifteen to go to Des Moines. The list includes the most prominent Democrats in the city, all of whom consented to attend.

"Cyclone" Davis for Congress.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 3.—A special to The Republic from Texarkana, Ark., says: "Cyclone" Davis, the Populist leader, has been nominated for congress by Populists of the Fourth Texas district, to succeed Hon. D. S. Culberson.

Not in Line with His Party.

WOOSTER, O., Aug. 3.—Hon. A. S. McClure, Republican nominee for congress in the Seventeenth district, says in a letter to his constituents that he is in favor of the free coinage of silver.

DEATH ROLL NUMBERS FORTY-FOUR.

Latest Count of the Victims of the Horror at Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 3.—No additional deaths have yet occurred as a result of Thursday night's collision, and the death roll stands at forty-four, which is the latest "official" and is three less than the previous report. There is, however, another man missing. He is Joseph F. Allen, of Millville. Chief of Police Eldridge, of this city, has his bank and check books. Twenty-eight of the injured at the Sanitarium have recovered sufficiently to be sent to their homes. There are still fifteen there. If Allen is dead it makes forty-five. There is a possibility that it may remain at that figure, but it is only a remote one. At the Sanitarium it is reported that the fifteen patients still there were doing as well as could be expected, and while there is a bare chance of pulling them all through safely the odds are against at least three.

Yesterday morning the chimes of the Episcopal Church of the Ascension, opposite the Sanitarium, rang the beautiful hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," at the request of the patients themselves. The effect on the sufferers was pathetic in the extreme. It is becoming more and more the belief that the two trains were racing when the accident occurred.

Mangled by a Threshing Machine.

WICHITA, Kan., Aug. 3.—While working on a threshing maching near Anthony Willis Burkett caught his foot in the belting so that his legs and body were mangled and he died within an hour.

STRIKERS ARMING.

Startling Report That Is Current at Cleveland.

SAID TO BE PREPARING FOR WAR.

Story Told That a Company of Forty Has Been Armed with Revolvers and Is Bent on Revenge for the Death of Two Rioters—President O'Connell Displeased with the Renewal of the Strike—Further Rioting Occurs—Troops on Guard.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 3.—A startling piece of news in connection with the Brown strike, which comes from an apparently reliable source, is to the effect that the strikers are arming themselves and drilling. It was said yesterday that forty of the strikers had organized a company last Saturday, elected a captain and purchased revolvers. The company drilled Saturday evening, and it was announced that the purpose of the two men was to avenge the death of the men who were shot at different different times in conflicts between union and non-union men. James O'Connell, the head of the Machinists' Union, who was here in charge of the strike, and who helped to bring about the settlement under which the men returned to work came back to Cleveland yesterday.

O'Connell Condemns the New Strike.

He was very much surprised and chagrined to learn that the men had struck the second time. He said he believed the company had entered into the agreement with the men in good faith, and he was satisfied that the company intended to live up to its agreement in every respect. Four companies of militia are on duty at the works, and a large force of police is on hand this morning to guard against trouble. Notwithstanding O'Connell's position, it is very probable that the Central Labor union will order a big sympathetic strike throughout the city at the next meeting of the Central Labor union. The executive committee of the strikers and the labor leaders of several unions met in conference and decided that a sympathetic strike was necessary.

Will Make the Fight a National One.

The committee appointed by the Central Labor union to report on the advisability of a sympathetic strike just before the supposed settlement of the Brown strike reported favorably.

The number of unions affiliated with the Central Labor union is over sixty, and the total membership numbers 20,000 in all branches of trade. These men have voluntarily bound themselves to obey the mandates of the Central Labor union, which consists of chosen representatives from the different unions. The fight will not only be local but national. Every union in the United States will be called on to assess its members for the support of the Brown strikers.

THE TURBULENCE ON SATURDAY.

Mob Nearly Wrecks a Non-Union Man's Home—Another Striker Shot.

The renewal of the strike resulted in bloodshed Saturday. The trouble began early in the morning when a mob surrounded the house of one of the non-union workmen and bombarded it with stones and bricks, breaking the windows and even smashing the weather-boards. The police, hearing of this trouble, prepared for an outbreak at noon when the non-union men should be dismiss and from work. A party of these workmen, disregarding the efforts of the police to protect them, started to walk away from the works. They had not gone far when they were met by a mob. First the rioters began to shout at the non-unionists and then to throw bricks.

And then the workingmen drew revolvers and began shooting at the crowd. Several shots were fired, but only one took effect. John Prinz, a foundryman, fell to the pavement shot through the body, and was taken to a hospital. Soon after the shooting the police arrived on the scene, but the mob had disappeared and all was quiet. This outbreak resulted in the calling out of two companies of militia and by the middle of the afternoon eighty policemen in addition to the military had been massed in the vicinity of the Brown works. No more trouble occurred.

It is thought that a long and bitter struggle will ensue. The manager of the Brown works says the agreement for the settlement of the strike was well understood by the representatives of the strikers, and the company stood ready to live up to its terms. The violation of the agreement by the men, he says, absolves the company from any further consideration of them and enables it to begin all over on a new basis. This is taken to mean that the company will proceed to hire new men.

Strike Outrage at Detroit.

DETROIT, Aug. 3.—It is probable that one death will result from the strike of polishers and mounters at the Detroit stove works. James Taylor, a non-union stove worker, was assaulted by strikers while going home on a street car last Wednesday night. In the melee Taylor inflicted a knife wound on Frank Crossley. Taylor was arrested and bailed. Saturday evening after drawing his pay Taylor was en route home with his wife on a street car, when he was attacked by five of the strikers, who used slungshots and knives as weapons. Taylor made a determined fight against his assailants, but as the result of the unequal struggle the back of his neck was ripped open, his skull was fractured by being knocked and dragged over the car seats and he was terribly battered up otherwise. His condition is very serious.

Three Young People Drowned.

LACROSSE, Wis., Aug. 3.—While out boat riding yesterday afternoon Henry Hendrickson, Anna Amsrud and Lizzie Oldstad, three LaCrosse young people, were drowned in the Mississippi river just below the city. The boat with its occupants was pulled under some barges and that was the last seen of them.

Two More Negroes Lynched.

SELMA, Ala., Aug. 3.—The two negroes who attempted to assassinate Colonel C. D. Hunter, of this county, two weeks ago, were lynched near the scene of their crime. The bodies were seen swinging from a bridge pierced with many bullets.

His Murderer Is Unknown.

DECATUR, Ills., Aug. 3.—The verdict in the inquest on the body of Walter G. Carlisle, murdered in a mysterious manner in a Wabash box car, was that Carlisle was killed by parties unknown.

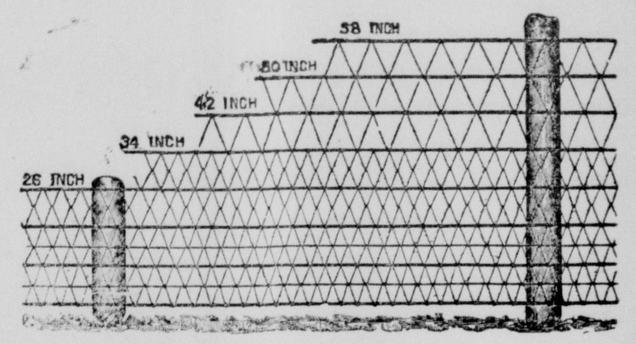
We've Just Four Refrigerators

and CHESTS left; they're going at less than first cost to those who wish to purchase. We're making special inducements for just one week on all BEDROOM FURNITURE.

C. E. KEYES & SON,

53 First Street. FURNITURE STORE.

Chicken Tight, Elephant Strong, and the best fence made. PRICE LOW.



I also have the Wire and Picket Fence. Milk Wagons, Buggies and Surreys, Harnesses, Whips and Robes; also best of Coal of all kinds, all at bottom prices, at

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Telephone Number, 19.

We are - -

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Our work speaks for itself. Special Ruling of all descriptions done on short notice.

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SPECIAL Large "Ads" at Special Low Prices—one to six columns in size.



Are built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

BUILT FOR SERVICE

They are built to stand for years. We have a reputation establishe and to maintain, hence can not afford to supply anything but the best th a brains and money can produce. The Waverlys show it. Scorcher (3 heights $85. Belle (26 and 28 inch) $75 and $85. Call and see them.

MADE BY INDIANA BICYCLE CO Indianapolis, Ind.

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CITY NATIONAL BANK.

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This bank is fully equipped to take care of its customers. Its safety deposit vaults and boxes should be patronized by everybody who desires absolute security for their valuable papers, jewerly, &c.

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DIXON & BETHEA,

ATTORNEY'S At Law, Schuler Building. Telephone 18.

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ATTORNEY At Law. Real Estate Law a Specialty. Countryman Building, Rooms 1 and 2.

EDMOND B. OWENS, M. D.

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L. J. POLLOCK.

DENTIST, Opera Block. Fillings, porcelain inlays, crowns and bridgework (teeth without plates.) Persons wearing thick, heavy rubber plates should change them for the light, comfortable ones of metal that I manufacture according to my own special methods, which makes them perfect in fit and so strong that I can guarantee them for a lifetime. I still manufacture the best rubber plates for $8.00.

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C. J. REYNOLDS,

Mining Stock Broker

Colorado Springs, Colorado,

Member Board of Trade and Mining Exchange. | Correspondence Solicited.

GEORGE SCHORR,

Is Agent for Mendota Beer

Wholesale and Retail. Bottling done. Orders promptly filled and goods delivered to any part of the city. Tel. No. 136.

JOHN M. JULIEN,

REAL ESTATE,

Town Lots, Houses and Land for sale. Also for Help Wanted, call at No. 8, I. B. Countryman Block.

H. A. BROWN,

Photographer!

116 Galena Ave., over Tillson's Drug Store.

HORSE SHOEING!

W. C. Campbell shop, Peoria Ave.

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N. J. Starkweather,

Painting and Paper Hanging!

Paper cleaning a specialty. All work guaranteed. Leave orders at L. D. Pitcher's, also at Duffin's Drug Store. Telephone 19.

Better Prepared

than ever to fill orders for Tailor Made Clothing for Men and Boys. New fall and winter samples just received. Call on

C. A. BALLOU, Agt.

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I Am Now Prepared

to put in private walks, large or small, black or white, at 15c per square foot. A walk that will last a lifetime.

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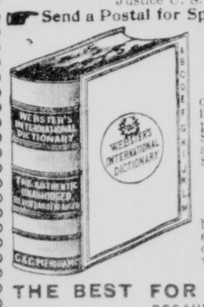
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So writes Hon. D. J. Brewer, Justice U. S. Supreme Court.

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Standard
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by State Superintendents of Schools, and other Educators almost without number.

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BECAUSE
It is easy to find the word wanted.
It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation.
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The Chicago Times-Herald says:—Webster's International Dictionary in its present form is absolute authority on everything pertaining to our language in the way of orthography, orthoepy, etymology, and definition. From it there is no appeal. It is as perfect as human effort and scholarship can make it.—Dec. 14, 1895.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U.S.A.

FOUR STORMS AT CINCINNATI.

Queen City of the West Glad She Isn't a Second St. Louis.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 3.—Many people here yesterday visited the scenes of the hurricanes of Saturday in the northern suburbs. The public did not know what a narrow escape the city had. With four distinct storms, the wind blowing sixty miles an hour, and a rainfall of two inches within two hours, the weather bureau men say the city was fortunate in escaping with only property damages. The storms unroofed hundreds of buildings that were occupied, but all the buildings demolished were either old structures, barns and sheds, or buildings in process of construction. Some congregations held services in new locations yesterday owing to damages to their churches, but the general opinion expressed everywhere was that of thankfulness that the situation here and elsewhere in Southern Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky was no worse.

The only death reported was that of Charles Boune, who picked up a telegraph wire that had blown into his yard on the Carthage road. The wire crossed a trolley that was also blown down. John Hammer, of Covington, Ky., also picked up a wire and was unable to release himself. His condition is still doubtful. Among the others who are prostrated from lightning shocks are: Taylor Greenwald, Mrs. Oliver Greenwald, Mrs. A. Ritchie, Harry Marschmeier, William Ziser, John Holinger, Edward Chagger, Miss J. Deere, John Brinker, Edward Staggemiller, John Scharrid and Miss Nellie Finan.

The lightning struck hundreds of places in and about the city. Hundreds experienced severe shocks who were not prostrated. Quite a number of horses were killed in stables that were struck by lightning or blown down. During the storm the suburbs of Madisonville, Oakley, Norwood, Hyde Park, Clifton and Mornington suffered most. Numerous houses in process of construction in these suburbs were blown down, and many houses which are occupied were damaged. There was also much damage done in Kentucky, across the river.

CRASH ON THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Engineer Killed, Mail Clerk Fatally Hurt and Several Others Injured.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Aug. 3.—Two passenger trains on the Illinois Central met in a head-on collision just east of Birkbeck, west of Clinton on the Springfield division. As a result one man was almost instantly killed, one fatally injured, and a number of others injured, some of whom may die. The trains usually meet at DeWitt, but a change had been made. It appears that Conductor Castle, in changing engine crews, neglected to turn the orders over to the new engineer. The trains met at full speed, both being wrecked.

Engineer Charles Brennaugh was crushed to death in his cab. Mail Clerk Baker was fatally injured. Seriously injured, some of whom may die: Engineer W. Evans, Brakeman John Lovell, Fireman O. McAvoy, Fireman S. B. Swarthout, Express Messenger S. Y. Naylor, Baggageman Timothy Duke, and Express Messenger M. W. Davis. Swarthout, who was fireman of the dead engineer, saw the approaching train and jumped. He was badly hurt, but will probably survive. A number of passengers were slightly injured.

HEAVY FAILURE IN CARRIAGES.

That of the Columbus Buggy Co., Involves Liabilities of $1,000,000.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 3.—The business world of this city was shocked Saturday by the announcement that the Columbus Buggy company, one of the oldest concerns of the city, had made an assignment. In the statement sent out the cause of the assignment is given as due to the general business depression, etc. The company employs about 1,000 men when running full force and about 600 were at work at the time the failure occurred.

Assets and liabilities will each approach nearly $1,000,000. This failure has included other cities. A dispatch from Kansas City says that the branch there of the Columbus Buggy company has been closed on a telegram from the head house in Columbus and has been placed in the hands of Paroline Peters.

Shooting for the Dupont Trophy.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Never in the history of trap-shooting has such interest been displayed as in the Dupont World's Champion Live-Bird tournament, which opened here today with a small army of crack shots present. The grounds at Burnside are in magnificent condition. The two big events are the World's Championship and Team shoots. In the latter five men from any one state constitute a team.

Shot While Violating the Law.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Aug. 3.—While hunting deer with a headlight at Badwater lake Samuel Negaunee, an Indian, was filled full of buckshot by unknown men. Negaunee was brought to the hospital here, and the attending physicians say that he will live. It is believed he was shot by other illegal hunters.

Big Deficit for Last Month.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures issued by the treasury department shows the total receipts from all sources during July to have been $29,029,209, and the expenditures $42,088,468, leaving a deficiency for the month and the fiscal year thus far of $13,059,249.

Illinois State Charities.

SPRINGFIELC, Aug. 3.—The quarterly report of the state board of charities shows the number of inmates in the thirteen state charitable institutions to be 9,745. Total cost to the state for maintenance, $283,423; average cost per capita for maintenance, $37.11, a great decrease over last quarter.

Some Menagerie Snake Loose.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Aug. 3.—A snake twenty-five feet long and a foot and a half in diameter is reported to have crushed the life out of three cows on a farm north of town last week, to have devoured a calf, and to have put to flight a number of neighbors who had gathered with shotguns to kill the reptile.

Now the Nation Can Breathe Again.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—The World says: "The wedding of Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., and Miss Grace Wilson has been fixed for Tuesday at the Wilson home on Fifth avenue."

Illinois State Board of Health.

SPRINGFIELD, Aug. 3.—Dr. William E. Quinn, of Chicago, has resigned as a member of the state board of health. Governor Altgeld has appointed Dr. Edgar P. Cook, of Mendota, his successor.

HUNTED TO EARTH.

Four Robbers Who Plied Their Trade in Iowa.

HOTLY TRAILED BY THE CITIZENS,

The Bandits Are Finally Corralled in a Thicket and Put Up a Vicious Gun Fight—The Pursuers Prove the Best Shots and Give Each of Them a Dose of Lead, Capturing Three—The Fourth Escapes, but with the Posse After Him.

MANCHESTER, Ia., Aug. 3.—Early Saturday morning four burglars entered the store of Appleby & Drybread at Greeley, a town on the Milwaukee road about twelve miles northeast of this place. They blew the door off the safe, and taking several hundred dollars of the firm's money which it contained boarded a hand car and started south on the railroad toward Delaware. The noise caused by the explosion roused several people in the vicinity, and Constable Sloan and a posse of citizens were soon in hot pursuit. News of the burglary was telegraphed to this city, and Deputy Sheriff Malvin and another posse started east to intercept the fugitives.

Bandits Corraled in a Thicket

All the forenoon the pursuit was close and exciting. The burglars left their hand car after a run of about ten miles and reached the timber on the Maquoketa river shortly after daylight. They continued their flight down the river, most of the way through thick brush, until shortly after noon, when they laid down in a thicket to take a short rest. While there they were overtaken by a party of pursuers consisting of Constable Sloan, Mr. Fullbright and Ezra McCray, of Greeley, and James Cling and Bell Haynes, of Manchester.

Guns Grabbed and Shooting Begun.

Instead of surrendering when summoned the burglars grabbed for their guns and commenced to shoot, and a fierce battle raged for a few minutes. One of the Burglars was disabled by the first shot fired by Haynes, and another got a bullet in his arm just as he was firing his sixth shot. Two of the shots fired by him were at Constable Sloan and four at Cling, but fortunately none of them took effect. A score or more shots were exchanged at a range of less than a dozen yards.

Three of the Robbers Captured.

Cling fired five shots in return for the four fired at him. The two wounded burglars surrendered, and the other two started to run, but the constable's posse wounded both of them before they got out of range. The pursuit was continued and a third burglar was captured in a corn field about a mile away from the battle ground. He was tracked into the corn and Alton Dunham and William Malvin, two young men of this city, and a young man by the name of Baker, from Greeley, took their Winchesters and went in and brought him out.

Still in Chase of the Fourth.

The posse is still after the fourth man. He is shot in the neck, and it is thought that he cannot escape. The captured men are in the jail in this city. They had with them a large number of burglars' tools and a quantity of nitro-glycerine.

SHOT DOWN IN A CHURCH

And Nearly Decapitated Afterward by His Enemy—Other Bloody Crimes.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., Aug. 3.—Colonel James F. Lilly was shot down in the Baptist church at Metcalf, ten miles from here, yesterday afternoon by John T. Rushin, and in the panic that ensued several women and many others fainted. Rushin stopped at the side of his victim's body, and several men started forward to seize him, but he waved his pistol at them warningly, and then, taking a razor from his coat pocket, almost severed the prostrate man's head from his body. Rushin then attempted to commit suicide by taking laudanum.

RANDALL, Minn., Aug. 3.—Eric Eckman shot and instantly killed Daniel Clough. The crime is said to be the result of a dispute about a contract which the former had for clearing land for the murdered man. Eckman shot Clough through the heart. He then turned and fired at Victor Erickson, but missed. Eckman claims that he does not know anything about the crime, saying that he had been drinking alcohol.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., Aug. 3.—Frank Davis killed Robert Pickett last night, cutting his head nearly off with a razor, and also cut May Rivers so badly that she will die. He then cut his own throat, but it is not thought the wound is fatal. Pickett was a dance hall proprietor and Davis the porter of the place. The woman was an inmate of the place and jealousy caused the tragedy.

GALVESTON, Tex., Aug. 3.—Will Gruber, a German fisherman living on the beach, shot and killed his wife, Caroline Gruber, and then killed himself by firing a bullet through his head. Gruber was ill-tempered when drinking and had ill-treated his family.

DENVER, Aug. 3.—David H. Ramey, a colored Pullman car porter, shot and instantly killed his mistress, Mattie Clark, also colored, and then sent a bullet through his own brain.

Americans Received by the Pope.

ROME, Aug. 3.—The pope celebrated mass in the Paul chapel here yesterday morning, the American pilgrims being present. There was a large assemblage of priests also. Later a permanent committee, including the rectors of the North American and St. Boniface colleges, presented the pilgrims separately to the pope. A lady of the party offered an elegant purse containing the pilgrims' offering. While the pope was returning to his apartments the American pilgrims, moved with enthusiasm, cried, "Long live the pope!"

Bryan Denies a Rumor.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 3.—Regarding the rumor that he had promised to appoint Governor Altgeld attorney general W. J. Bryan said last night: "In order to answer once for all rumors in regard to places promised, I desire to say that I have not directly or indirectly promised any office of any kind to any person whomsoever, and shall not during the campaign promise any office of any kind to any person whomsoever."

Death of an Illinois Horseman.

RIDGETOWN, Ont., Aug. 3.—John Kniffin, of Danville, Ills., accompanied by his wife, arrived in town on the Michigan Central railway at noon Saturday. About 3 o'clock he was stricken with apoplexy and died shortly afterward. Kniffin, who was well known in racing circles, was 50 years of age.

NATIONAL LEAGUE BASE BALL.

Close Race for First Place Between Cincinnati and Baltimore.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Following is the table showing the standing of League base ball clubs:

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Cincinnati	91	62	29	.681
Baltimore	83	56	27	.675
Cleveland	87	56	31	.644
Chicago	92	53	39	.576
Pittsburg	85	46	39	.541
Boston	84	45	39	.536
Philadelphia	85	39	46	.459
Brooklyn	85	39	46	.459
Washington	81	34	47	.420
New York	84	34	50	.405
St. Louis	88	28	60	.318
Louisville	83	22	61	.265

Following are League scores: At St. Louis—Cleveland 5, St. Louis 2; (second game) Cleveland 3, St. Louis 9; at Brooklyn—New York 1, Brooklyn 3; at Boston—Philadelphia 1, Boston 3; at Baltimore—Washington 0, Baltimore 7; at Chicago—Louisville 3, Chicago 8. (Sunday) At Cincinnati—St. Louis 1, Cincinnati 2; at Chicago—Louisville 2, Chicago 1.

Western League: At Columbus—Milwaukee 3, Columbus 11; at Detroit—Kansas City 1, Detroit 9; at Grand Rapids—St. Paul 8, Grand Rapids 6; (second game) St. Paul 7, Grand Rapids 6; at Indianapolis—Minneapolis 2, Indianapolis 2—twelve innings. (Sunday) At Columbus—Milwaukee 6, Columbus 11; (second game) Milwaukee 1, Columbus 10; at Grand Rapids—St. Paul 12, Grand Rapids 1; (second game) St. Paul 9, Grand Rapids 8.

MINERS ARE FACING STARVATION.

Distressing State of Affairs on the Gogebic Range—All Mines Shut Down.

BESSEMER, Mich., Aug. 3.—The Tilden mine closed down Saturday, both day and night shifts of No. 9 shaft. This completes the shutdown of the Rockefeller mines in this city. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 shafts now employ just enough men to keep the mine clear of water. In a large number of mines the pumps have been taken out and the mines allowed to fill with water. Gogebic range mines are practically all shut down at Hurley, Ironwood, Bessemer and Wakefield. There are less than 1,000 men at work on the range where at one time over 8,000 men were employed.

The several mining companies have allowed their employes all unoccupied lands for use as "Pingree farms," but the army worms have destroyed the last hope of the miners of having at least vegetables to keep body and soul together the coming winter. The poor fund is exhausted and there are a large number of outstanding orders. The idle miners and their families are therefore facing starvation.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

For cattle stealing the Indian court sitting at Wetumpka., I. T., has sentenced two men to death, and for burglary half a dozen were sentenced to receive from 100 to 500 lashes.

L. H. Platter, a well-known attorney and Democratic politician, was shot and instantly killed in the corridor of the court house at Spokane, Wash., by Henry Seifert, because of reflections on Seifert's character made in a speech in court by Platter.

Leon Alvoin, 14 years old, has been sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary for robbery and general toughness at Westchester, N. Y.

The Socialist congress at London has adjourned, after refusing to listen to an address of sympathy to the Cuban rebels. The congress, however, closed with the singing of the "Marseilles," the "Carmagnole" and three cheers for social revolution.

Seventeen-year-old Kittie Sykes, daughter of a prominent farmer living near Warrensburg, Mo., has eloped with Wise Ward, a Chickasaw Indian. The girl is pretty, while the Indian is just the other way and of no account.

"Silver Dick" Bland will accompany Bryan on his trip to New York and the east.

Ohio Democrats have met and prepared for a bolt. Ex-Representatative Duthwaite was selected for provisional national committeeman to attend the Indianapolis meeting next Friday.

During the month of March the national debt increased $10,857,358.

News from Marshall, O. T., is that W. A. Hempmeyer, a 15-year-old stage driver, has been arrested for robbing his own stage and mail. This is the robbery supposed to have been committed by the Doolin gang, lately escaped from jail.

A tidal wave five miles long ravaged the coast of Haichau, China, drowning 4,000 persons, so it is reported.

James Murphy and Stephen Garvey, two 'longshoremen, fought at pier 25, North river, New York city. During the struggle both men tumbled into the river and were drowned.

A kite was sent up 7,333 feet from the Blue Hill observatory, Boston. This beats the record 800 feet.

The Iowa state executive council has made a new levy for taxation, increasing it from 2.5 mills to 2.7 mills, increasing the total taxes for state purposes by $150,000.

The man who finds fault has discovered that the word "tranquillity" as it appears on the new $1 bills is lacking one "l."

A new Berlin police order provides for the fining of persons who after 11 o'clock at night play the piano or sing with open windows.

Mr. Willard Mostick and his wife dead and a 6-year-old granddaughter fatally hurt is the result of a grade crossing accident near Plattsburg, N. Y.

Owen Bridges made a jump off the Hannibal, Mo., bridge over the Missouri river on a wager. The distance was about seventy feet. He was unhurt.

Timothy J. Dacy, one of the oldest and most widely known residents of northern Illinois, was struck by a St. Paul train at Woodstock, Ills., and died later. He was 58 years old.

The Populists of the Twenty-first Illinois district have nominated Jehu Baker for congress.

Poultney Bigelow's Opinion of the Boers.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—Poultney Bigelow has arrived in England from Cape Town. He had unusual opportunities of inquiring into the situation in the Transvaal and talked with President Kruger and others on both sides. He thinks that trouble between the Boers and the Uitlanders is sure to come, and says that the methods of Boer government are bad.

The Weather That Sometimes Comes.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The following are the weather indications for twenty four hours from 8 p. m. yesterday: For Indiana and Illinois—Fair, warmer weather; winds shifting to southerly. For Michigan and Wisconsin—Generally fair, warmer weather; light to fresh winds, shifting to southerly. For Iowa—Fair, warmer weather; southerly winds.

The Deaf, Blind and Cross-eyed.

THIS IS YOUR GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY!

DR. KING,

The well known Chicago Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist, by urgen solicitation of many of Dixon's citizens, will make his second visit to

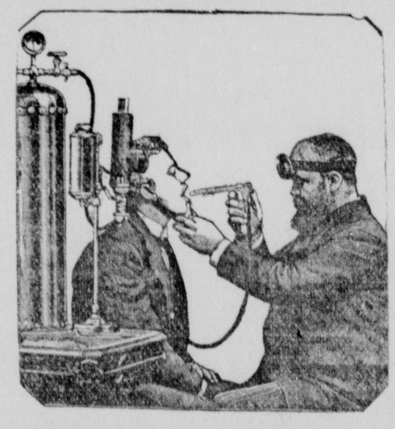
NACHUSA HOUSE, DIXON, ILLINOIS, MONDAY, AUGUST 10th

REMAINING UNTIL MONDAY, AUGUST 17th.

During his recent two weeks visit to Dixon the Doctor treated over 75 people of Dixon and vicinity, with marvelous results.

See Some of His Testimonials:

Mr. W. H. Steel, age 52, says: "I was cross-eyed from childhood, Dr. King made them perfectly straight in one minutes time. No pain. He can straighten others.'



CROSS EYES.

Mr. John Shoemaker age 41 years, says: "I have been cross-eyed since a child; I consulted Dr. King and he straightened my eyes in a short time; he did exactly what he promised to do and I know him to be honorable and skillful, and I most heartly recommend him to others who have this terrible disfigurement.

Consultation and Examination Free, and if your case is incurable he will quickly tell you so.

CATARRH.—He can cure every case permanently and quickly: no failures by his method of treatment. This is a loatesome and dangerous disease and should be cured.

DEAFNESS.—He cures 70 per cent. of all cases, no matter how long standing or how bad. Can be examined free.

NOISES IN EARS.—Can be cured quickly. They are dangerous spmptoms and should be stopped to prevent deafness.

ANY KIND OF SORE EYES or growth about eye or lids, he removes and cures without pain.

DISCHARGING EARS cured in a few treatments. No pain.

POLYPUS TUMORS OF NOSE which interfere with your breathing. Easily and painlessly removed in one minute.

CATARACT removed without pain, and success guaranteed in every case.

LOSS OF VOICE Quickly and permantly cured. No pain.

Any disease or disfigurment of eye, ear, nose or throat, treated in the most skillful manner.

HEADACHE, Dizziness, Vomiting, Hysteria, Sleeplessness, Nervousness Saint Vitus Dance, Neuralgia of head or face, specks float before eyes, letters dance and run together, disposition to close eyes tightly when reading are some of the functional nervous troubles which can be cured by properly fitted glasses and by the new method of grinding lenses it is only necessary to wear the glasses when taxing the eyes.

CROSS EYES. He can straighten the worst case in one minutes' time, no chloroform, no pain, and the patient can work the same day. Guarantees every case.

COME EARLY and get the benefit of the Doctor's long stay in the city, a everyone must be treated in his proper order. Tell your friends of this unusua opportunity.

Hours: 8:30 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. Nachusa House Parlors August 10th to August 17th.

READ! REFLECT! ACT!

A rare opprtunity afforded the many pale, haggard sufferers to get well in the speediest possible time by treating with

DR. PRETTYMAN,

—AT—

Dixon, Illinois, Thursday August 13th, 1896;

PARLORS AT NACHUSA HOTEL, FROM 9 A. M. TO 8 P. M.

QUICK POSITIVE CURES!



GET WELL NOW!

READ CAREFULLY EVERY WORD OF THE FOLLOWING:

DR. PRETTYMAN is a graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeon, New York City, the greatest and best college in the U. S. He has had years of training in the great hospital and, as has been demonstrated, his work has surprised the expectations of everybody. He treats all

EYE AND EAR DISEASES!

Dimness of sight, growth, oversight, granulated lids, inflammation of eyeball, weak watery eyes, etc., treated and cured after the common every day treatment has failed. No burning, no suffering from this new treatment.

Ear diseases, such as ringing, roaring noises, discharges, catarrhal deafness, treated by his new germicide treatment. It is indeed a medical revolution. The greatest, grandest and best discovery of the age.

Catarrh, acute or chronic, polypi in the nose, enlarged tonsils, weak voice, ulcerated throat, bronchial catarrh, pain in chest asthma, bronchitis, treated in a manner that insures success to the doctor and return to health for the patient.

Stomach, liver, heart disease, the cause of suffering, loss of appetite, bloating, belching, misery, can be cured. We insure to cure all cases undertaken.

Hemorrhoids (piles) cured in one treatment. No Pain and no detention from work. A positive cure guaranteed.

NERVOUS DISEASES!

Epilepsy, nervous prostration, rheumatism, etc., treated. Diseases of women, such as bearing down pains, weak backs, bloating, swelling of the limbs, painful or suppressed menses, leucorrhoea (whites), ulcerations, sterility, cured by our treatment; saves the patient the unpleasant features of local treatment. All chronic diseases treated. No incurable cases taken.

DOES THIS INTEREST YOU?

Diseases of Women.

Nervousness, weakness, etc., quickly cured All diseases of kidney, bladder and genito urinary system treated by new methods. Prompt and efficient cures.

STRICTURE.—This is a trouble found in hundreds of cases and often neglected, because the old way of cutting was severe and would not insure positive results. Dr. Prettyman cures these cases permanently in short time, without knife or pain.

VARIOCOCELE.—A well known trouble and a source of much annoyance. The evi effects of this trouble are well known. Besides producing weakness, pain, etc., it causes losses, shrinkage and irritation. Our methods, after five years' trial, have proven effective and not a failure has been noted.

Hydroccle, Orchitis, Epididymitis, cured in short notice.

Spermatorrhoea, seminal weakness, loss of power, impotency, the cause of so much suffering in mind and body, the bane of life, the disease that wrecks thousands of lives every year, blasts future hopes, renders existence miserable, make young and old men unfit for business or pleasure, are curable. A speedy and permanent cure guaranteed in all cases treated.

Weak, nervous men who have drins, sediments, weak memory, confusion of ideas, embarrassments, unpleasant dreams, etc., should consult this eminent doctor.

Syphillis, blood and skin diseases cured. No injurious drugs, such as mercury, potash, etc., used.

Consultation and Examination Free and Strictly Private.

DR. PRETTYMAN, 573 East 43rd street, Chicago Illinois

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City Property !

Farm Lands !

Loans

Fire and Tornado Insurance !

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Kling Block.

Money To Loan

on Farms and Farm Property.

REAL ESTATE

Bargains to be had if taken soon, both in city property and improved farm lands.

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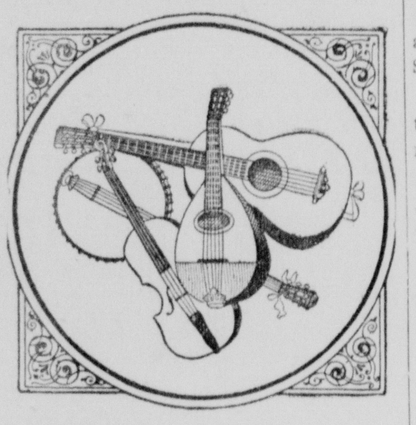
Fire, Lightning, Cyclone, Life and Accident. None but first-class companies.

LOVELAND & STITELEY.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

T. J. MILLER,

Dealer in



Mandolins, Guitars, Banjos,

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THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

SHAW & SON, EDITORS.

PUBLISHED BY
B. F. SHAW PRINTING COMPANY
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered at Dixon P. O. as Second-class matter

TERMS:
Per Week.....10cts | Per Year.....$5.00
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

C. H. STACKPOLE, MANAGER.

Telephone.....Number 6

—Harry Short is here from Elgin.

—C. E. Welty is here from Oregon.

—John Lee is a visitor from Sterling.

—Mrs. Eastwood is visiting in Freeport.

—Grant Funk was in Dubuque yesterday.

—Lenius Strock is a visitor from Sterling.

—John Sherdon, of East Grove, is here today.

—Mrs. Elmer Countryman is visiting in Rochelle.

—Will Schell, jr., was down from Polo last evening.

—Henry A. Brown was in Franklin Grove this morning.

—Charles Winders is entertaining Mr. Worley of Polo.

—Our boys play ball at Mt. Morris on Thursday of this week.

—John Abbott of the Polo ball players staid over Sunday in Dixon.

—Mrs. Bodman and daughter, Miss Jessie, left for DeKalb this afternoon.

—John Bailes won a suit of clothes of the Dollar a Week club Saturday night.

—Mr. and Mrs. Amos Allemand have a baby girl at their home that arrived Sunday.

—George O. Stroup rode his wheel to Sterling yesterday and back this morning.

—Miss Margaret Graff, of Kansas, is visiting with Mrs. Cuddington, of North Dixon.

—Advertisements changed this evening: Chas. H. Todd, John D. Parsons, Thompson Bros.

—Mrs. Louis Atkins went to Sterling yesterday to attend the funeral of her cousin, Henry Troop.

—Clarence Stead, Burt Tuttle and N. P. Clears spent yesterday with lady friends in Sterling.

—Our bicyclists complain that the wagon bridge across the river at Sterling is covered with mud.

—Elmer J. Countryman and Dr. King have pitched their tent at Hazelwood for a week's outing.

—Mrs. J. Zarger and sister, Miss Edith Dysart of Nachusa, spent yesterday at the Philip Dysart home here.

—Prof. J. L. Hartwell and family departed this morning for Madison, Wis., where they will camp for a few days.

—Read the circular folded into this evening's paper if you would know where to secure bargains in footwear.

—Rev. Eugene Stockwell and wife of Pine Creek are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy, who came this morning.

—The name of Turner Junction on the Chicago & Northwestern road this side of Chicago has been changed to West Chicago.

—Daniel Speilman found a lady's mackintosh cape, which the owner may have by calling at J. H. Todd & Son's clothing store.

—The Chicago Unions (colored team) will play a game of ball at Pleasure Park with our boys tomorrow and it will be a good game.

—There will be a regular meeting of the Knights of the Globe in Beier's Hall this evening. All members are requested to attend.

—The manager of the Davenport, Iowa, base ball nine is again writing for game's here, and wants Friday and Saturday of this week.

—E. Bert Raymond arrived in Chicago Saturday from Pennsylvania, spent yesterday at Geneva Lake, and will arrive home this evening.

—Mrs. F. C. Brookner and children returned to Joliet this morning after a pleasant visit with relatives here. Willie Warner accompanied them for a short visit.

—William Dykeman will have a five room cottage erected in the Fargo addition. Fred Whipperman is doing the mason work, and J. U. Wellstead the carpenter work.

—Justice E. B. Baker is moving his family and household goods to the Dolan house on Galena avenue where they will reside while the new brick block is being erected.

—We are sorry to learn that Prof. J. H. Heil will dissolve his connection with the Steinmann Institute at the close of the present term and return to Chicago. It is his intention, we believe, to take a post-graduate course. During his stay in Dixon he has made many friends and done eminently satisfactory work in the Institute, which is flourishing finely.

—Rev. J. M. Ruthrauff yesterday talked at the Lutheran church on the subject of Carthage college and will for several weeks canvass this vicinity in behalf of that institution.

—J. H. Anderson & Son are erecting an eight room house in Nachusa for Jonas Eicholtz. Anderson & Son have also the contract for the erection of a seven room house on West Chamberlin street for Mrs. John Moyer.

—John Phalen has received a telegram stating that his uncle, Mr. Casey, was killed accidentally while boarding a train of cars at Grosdale, this state. Mr. Casey was an early settler of Dixon and leaves eight children and two sisters to mourn his loss.

—At an early hour this morning one might have seen a bicyclist riding down Third street leading a horse. The animal patiently plodded along beside the machine as if the problem of the horse and the bicycle had never been thought of.—Sterling Standard.

—Clayton Ingraham is home from the races and will go again at Rochelle Friday of this week. Dana Johnson, who has been doing work in Mr. Ingraham's place on the Sun is now preparing for the work he will take up at DesMoines, Iowa, in a few weeks.

—Mt. Carroll Democrat:—Some of the boys who attended the tournament at Naperville say the following was the bill of fare at their boarding houses: Bologna and pie for breakfast, dried beef and potatoes for dinner, and a bologna, dried beef and potato hash for supper.

—Polo and Oregon papers are having a little discussion about imported batteries in the base ball teams. Both enjoying the privilege of sending for pitchers and catchers on special occasions. Knapp and Drew, pitcher and catcher for the Dixon team, are both Dixon boys, born in this city.

—The Chicago Times Herald of yesterday contained a challenge from the Monmouth Hook & Ladder team to the Polo team to run them a regulation championship race on any grounds in the state for five hundred dollars. The Polo boys won the state championship last Thursday and will not likely meet the Monmouth team in a race until next year's tournament.

—The graduating exercises of the Musical Conservertory of the Northern Illinois Normal School will commence tomorrow evening and be continued on the evenings of Wednesday August 5th and Tuesday, August 11. The programs are very fine. There are three graduates in the classic class, one post graduate, eight graduates in the normal class, and sixteen will be given teachers' certificates.

—Letters received this morning from the bicycle party in England, dated July 25, announce their arrival at Liveerpool, after a twelve days voyage. The party were all well. Of the quartette from Dixon, Rev. Cessna fed the fishes the most, Mr. Hill was somewhat sea-sick, but Prof. Neighbor and E. H. Moore were not effected. We have a whole stack of notes from which we shall select hereafter such as will be of interest to our readers.

The Hunters Hunted.

Charles H. Blow, Game Warden for the state of Illinois came out from Chicago Saturday for a Sunday hunt. He was not after prairie chickens, but after those who shoot praire chickens before the law allows, September 15. For many weeks the young chickens, hardly able to fly and only as large as quails, have been slaughtered by our sports. Prairie chickens eat the bugs and worms that infest the fields of grain and are therefore the farmers friend, and should not be entirely destroyed, and if the sensible law were lived up to there would be prairie chickens to kill in the season for many years to come. But this the shooters will not do, and many parties in this city made plans Saturday for an all-day hunt Sunday. One of the sports saw Warden Blow leave the train at the C. & N. W. depot Saturday and gave the alarm, but all the sports did not hear, and early Sunday morning Mr. Blow, accompanied by Jonas Stultz caught many men with dogs and guns in the stubble fields from six to ten miles south of this city. He first spotted Manley and William Newman and saw them drop many birds, and later arrested them at the city limits with a score or more of birds in their buggy. Mr. Blow spotted many others who will hear from him during the week. One couple of sports passed so near him concealed in a corn field that to use his own expression he could have "spit" on them. Friends of the hunters here in town, hearing of the warden's presence sent searching parties out to find the hunters, and the way they chased across the corn fields and stubbles was funny to see. Mr Blow says that he was at the edge of a stubble and heard a hunter a quarter of a mile away tell a companion that the warden was in the vicinity. Mr. Blow will remain here a week to prosecute the cases already begun.

LEE COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Promises to be the Best Session ever held- One Hundred and Fifty Teachers Present at the Opening.

The five days' session of the Lee County Teachers' Institute commenced this morning under the most flattering promises of success. The institute instructors say that a larger proportion of the teachers of the county were present at the opening than at any institute they have visited this year, and certainly a larger number than at any ever held in this county. Some of the teachers from the extreme east end of the county started by carriage at daylight this morning so as to reach here in time to register at the opening at nine o'clock.

This not only speaks well for the teachers, but especially does it speak of their confidence and regard for the county superintendent and of his influence over the entire corps under his supervision. Mr. Edwards as a gentleman secures and retains the deepest regard of his teachers, and being thoroughly wedded to his work he has infused new life into our schools and renewed interest in our teachers' institutes. He is a pusher without being a fusser; and without disparagement to any of his predecessors, we can safely say never were the schools of the county in as good working condition as under the present superintendent.

One word with regard to the Institute instructors. The selection has been made with due regard to the fitness of the persons for the work required of them, and we believe with this idea alone in view, and every one of them has a reputation beyond the confines of our own state. Prof. L. B. Hursh, superintendent of the Wallace School in Sterling, is a man of eminent ability in normal work, and a gentleman from whose acquaintance our teachers will profit much. Mrs. Lida B. McMurry is training teachers in primary work in the university at Normal, Ill., a very bright woman and the author of several educational works. Of Professors Smith and Jenkins we have spoken so often, and of their work our readers know so well, that it is unneccessary to more than mention their names as a guarantee of the successful conduct of the institute. We will say however that Prof. Jenkins is president and a member of the board of directors of the Illinois State Teachers' Association, and Prof. Smith is a veteran educator whose institute work in this state and Iowa speaks for itself.

The institute was opened this morning promptly on time, with singing, Miss Blanche Ore of Amboy pianist, followed with prayer and scripture reading by Rev. H. C. Leland.

After a few opening remarks by Superintendent Edwards, the teachers were classed in two divisions: Those holding first grade certificates or having taught four or more years, were placed in Division A: all others in Division B. The following general program was then pursued:

9:00 to 10:30 a. m. Classes in Language, Prof. Jenkins, and Primary Nature Study, Mrs. McMurray.
10:30 to 12:00. Classes in History and Civics, Prof. Smith; Literature, Prof. Hursh.
1:30 p. m. Opening Exercises.
1:40 to 3:05. Classes in Child Study, Prof Jenkins, Reading and Language, Mrs. Mc-
3:10 to 4:30. Classes in Geography, Prof. Smith; Physiology and Hygiene, Professor Hursh.

Hospital Day Report.

The board of Lady managers of The Dixon Public Hospital wish to thank all who made it possible for their receipts on Hospital Day at the Assembly Park to reach $712.75.

The weather man we have charged with amount we expected to make.

We were met on every hand with words of cheer and a disposition to help, from the board of Directors of the Assembly Park down through the line of Speakers, Hotels, hacks, men to guard the gates, and grounds, band, cream-soda fountain receipts, Hallet & Davis Piano, on down to the sweet singers from abroad, who came so graciously, to aid us in a local charity in which they were not interested. We know we voice the sentiment of an appreciative public when we say that if Mrs. Barr, Mr. Reid, Dr. Baine, Mrs. Ebert and Mr. Kram should ever come again to discourse sweet music for our people, they will be hailed with delight.

Our gross receipts were	$712.75
Our expenses were	77.37
	$635.36

MARY A. NOBLE,
President.

Company G Home.

Company G, I. N. G. came home Saturday from Camp Lincoln, Springfield, where they had spent an enjoyable week. The train on which they rode from Springfield to Clinton was wrecked in a head end collision six miles east of Clinton and two people were killed and twelve injured. It is well that our boys left that train at Clinton.

The Best Thing Yet !

The Nicest Tennis Flannel you ever saw at **7 1-2 Cents** per yard. You all got Ginghams and know what they are. Everything as advertised at the

I. B. Countryman Co.

Get the Kabo Corset !

Summer Clearing Sale !

We commence today our Clean Sweep Sale. Our motto: "No goods carried over." All must go. Shirt Waists, Dimities, Lawns, Summer Underwear, Fans, Parasols and all Summer Goods at less than manufacturer's prices

150 Ladies Shirt Waists that must go. Call and see us.

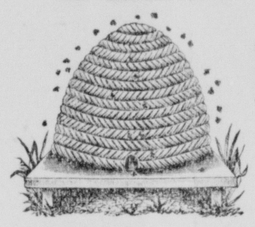
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Dealers in Dry Goods, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings,

AUSTIN'S OLD STAND.

THE BEE HIVE

158 Galena Ave.



158 Galena Ave.

Are you interested in Low Prices? We offer a splendid line at prices the lowest yet named for strictly first-class goods; high grade in all departments, true merit in every article, honest quality everywhere, an immense assortment, nothing missing, everything the best: the quality will tell it, the prices will sell it and that is the reason you should come early to get your Bargains from our assortment of Boots and Shoes, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Oil Stoves, &c. We show all the latest novelties in great profusion, we keep the very finest selections in all standard styles, we make it a point to have every article in stock the best of its kind. The dollar you spend with us goes further, lasts longer, gets more style, gets more quantity, gets more quality, and does more good in service, worth and wear, than any money you spend. Our goods and prices, now waiting your inspection, will prove this. Remember that it is an established fact that it pays to trade with

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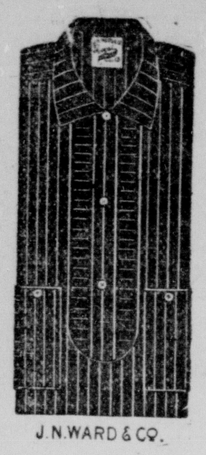
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Try us on Negligee Shirts.

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10 Cents

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Axle Grease

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Pretzels, per pound	6c
Wild Cherry Phosphate, per bottle	15c
Shoe Dressing, per bottle	5c
Thayer's Root Beer, per bottle	15c
Catlup, per bottle	6c
Sardines, per can	4c
Bosten Baked Beans, per can	10c

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Hard and Soft COAL

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JOHN E. MOYER.

Office 419 North Crawford Avenue.

TELEPHONE NO. 83.

(Continued from page 1.)

draw on his imagination for his facts when he has not anything better, but his audience are not all fooled. In 1892 there was an election. (Here the speaker goes on to show by the newspapers that all the strikes and hard times took place before the Democratic election, and wants to know if they took place in anticipation of it.) I will not discuss the tariff here at length. In the Wilson bill wool was placed on the free list and the Republican papers said the wool industry was being destroyed. Dunn's report shows in the last year, 1865, wool had sold at seven and seven-tenths per cent more than it had the year before. Do nor mistake me now. Do not make the mistake that they made the other day, saying I said it was seven cents and seven-tenths I said seven and seven-tenths of one per cent higher than it did in 1895. You will find—(Here speaker goes on to show that various other firms all over the country, such as our carpet firms, etc., are selling their goods in England, Russia, and other countries.)

The only protection you have got from the Republicans has put the money in the hands of a few by giving special powers, and has made a money-eyed aristocracy in America. It is the bankers and the capitalists who want protection and they can compel their employes to vote any way they please or they will discharge them. Your employer has no interest in labor except to employ it as cheaply as possible. If you examine the report of the Secretary of the Treasury which I have here, you will find there has been imported into the United States since 1880 a class of workmen that had no tariff on them that brought with them an average of $11 89 of money each, largely from England, Italy and Bohemia, people who work cheap and live poorly, and come here by force of a law which was enacted in 1873 authorizing contracts to be made for laboring men to come here. John Sherman moved that $20,000 be appropriated to advertise the necessity of laborers in the west. It was done, and circulated all over Europe, and in answer to that came these hundreds of laborers. And the report of the secretary of Emigration shows that since 1880 five times as many of these cheap laborers have been imported into the United States as there were votes cast for Lincoln.

Our laborers are entitled to the best money of the world, and they shall have it, and that is why I ask you to vote for the re-coinage of silver that they may have it. There is nothing too good for an American. Will you answer this: Why did the Republican party demonetize silver? Will you give me a reason for that?

John Sherman introduced in 1867 a bill in reference to the bonds, and the bankers all over the country were willing to let them run by merely being stamped on the back, interest reduced to 4 per cent. The Government could have paid those bonds then, but they had lent the money in 40 cent dollars and taken government bonds for it; for these bonds were in the time of depreciated currency. They took the greenbacks and put them in bonds drawing four per cent interest. The greenbacks was worth about 40 cents, and Mr. Sherman says we must refund them. His obedient Republican congress, always attentive to the cry of Wall street, always attentive to the cry of the bond-holders, said, yes we must do it. So in 1870 they passed a law that these bonds should be refunded then, and he refunded them, some of which were to run twenty years. He at the same time showed by his report that the revenues that come in would have paid those bonds in 15 years; and what right had they to do that when the revenues of the government was sufficient to pay every dollar of its indebtedness in 15 years? There was not a bond in the United States that did not read payable in coin in 1873, not a dollar of coin was floating in the currency of the country,—but in the markets of the world the silver dollar was worth 103 cents. My friend in his book says it was worth 104 cents. Why then should a good dollar, the best in the world be thrown away. The American who is entitled to the best money in the world reduced it to nothing, demonetized it when it was worth 103 cents. It was in order to put the redemption money of the world into the hands of a few that the trusts and combinations could combine and fix prices, and that is why it was. Silver was demonetized in 1873 and at a time when no gold or silver was in circulation; at a time, though the Congressman present did not know it, Mr. Allison in the Congressional Globe I have here says that it was a job. That is not the expression, but the equivalent of it. (He here reads portions of Allison's speech.) They did not know what it meant. It was demonetized and no one knew what it was. Then came the time of the return to specie payment that was passed in 1875 and to take effect the first of January, 1879. When we returned to specie payment there was one kind of specie only, and that was the gold dollar, the dollar the European governments wanted, the dollar the crowned heads wanted, because it reduced one-half the money of the world when you removed silver from circulation and made it one half easier for the crowned heads to control it. Six hundred millions of silver and six hundred millions of gold is about the proportion in the United States. When you remove the silver of course the price of gold increases. It is the same as it would be if the farmer had taken a notion at once that oats are not good to feed and he will not feed it any more. There will be no demand for oats, and, therefore, they will go down. His stock must be feed and he has to feed them corn, creating a general demand for corn, and oats go down until they stand 1 to 32; but before the farmer discovers he is mistaken and returns to feeding oats to his stock and using them generally the demand for oats would increase and the price of oats would go up to an extraordinary price, the speculator would get hold of it, but after awhile they would again be adjusted by the law of supply and demand. The same rule applies to gold and silver or to any other commodity.

Must this great country wait for England to agree to adopt bimetalism. The Republicans have put it in their platforms that it must be adopted only by international agreement. They should adopt a resolution like this. We, the representatives of the free people of the United States of America most humbly, etc., ask your permission to coin silver into money, etc. I do not think that time would come right off.

(He here reads extracts from the Congressional Globe from Alliston's speech and a speech by Mr. Blaine.)

If Blaine knew anything, and he did, for he was the brains of your party, he told the truth. (This in reference to the act of '73.)

Behold the spectcle of this government selling bonds to the Jews in London and paying them to protect the gold reserve for 90 days, which they did.

The conditions are like those in 1860. The party lines are breaking up. This month in Chicago we took a divorce without alimony from Wall street. We took the divorce too with the custoday of the children. We have the children too, as we will show you next November. In 1861 when slavrey had killed itself in the statute of liberty, an outraged people reached out and chose a leader, a rail-splitter of Illinois, and those who had money sneeringly asked who was old Abe. Now whenever that name is spoken the tongue that speaks it his words are toned with a mellow reverence that comes from profound respect and love, and the head is bowed, as we say Abraham Lincoln the Emancipator.

Again the people have looked for a leader in the West and have chosen William J. Bryan of Nebraska. You may ask who is William J. Bryan. When he has been elected, as he will be next fall, his hand shall sigh a bill restoring silver to its money uses, and then the world shall read on the list of emancipators the name of William J. Bryan beneath that of Abraham Lincoln.

In final reply, F. X. Schoonmaker, spoke as follows:—

Ladies and gentlemen:—I am glad to see or rather to hear Mr. Ladd praise Lincoln 30 years after that geat patron saint of the country is dead. It is not quite too late to have the Democratic party admit that that man was worthy of praise. I am glad to hear a Democrat praise J. G. Blaine now that he is dead. If they had been honest when Mr. Blaine was living, as they are now that they do not fear him because he is dead, the great man's heart would not have been broken and he would have been presiding over this country today. The trouble with the Democrats is that they conceal the truth while the truth might do good, and they only admit it when it is too late. Lincoln is a saint dead. Blaine is great dead, but they were both scoundrels when alive.

Another thing, I am glad to hear a democrat denouncing immigration. Ah, my friends, the Republican Party would protect its labor by prohibiting immigration; but my good sir if we did that what would become of the Democratic party.

I did not go beyond the deluge. He went to Paradise, much farther back. They ask you to vote to take 16 instead 32 for one believing that you have not good sense enough to see where the cheat comes in. The miner wants to cheat you out of 16.

I remember when I was a boy at Sunday school reading of a man named Sampson, I read that the man one day slew 1,000 Philistines with an immense jaw bone. I never until today knew where Sampson got a jaw bone big enough to kill 1,000 men. Now, my friends Sampson must have got that jaw bone from the silver orator, because I will tell you no other man that ever lived had a check big enough to cover a jaw bone as big as that.

Mr. Ladd: Will the gentleman with the jaw bone take as much time as he wants and explain to this audience why the Republican party demonetized silver in 1873?

Mr. Schoonmaker: I do not think it will take much time. The Republican party did not demonetise silver. Silver was demonetized in 1853, long before the Republican party was born. The first man in this country that demonetized silver was Thomas Jefferson. We started in 1792 upon the gold and silver basis. Thomas Jefferson, the friend of the poor, the great patron saint of the Democratic party, stopped the coinage of silver dollars in 1806. There is your answer; does he wish any more?

Polo vs. Dixon.

The spectators enjoyed the game of ball at Pleasure Park Saturday between Polo and Dixon, but we would suggest that the small boys who hang around the backstop and talk vulgarly should be sent out of the grounds, as a number of ladies in carriages were forced to leave Saturday on that account.

The dispositions of the men in both teams seemed sour to begin with, and there were several promising rows in the first two innings; Joseph Rueland, the umpire, got fighting hot at criticisms made on his work, and he was doing honest work too. Then long Willie Vaughn, the quiet and always submissive baseman got sulky and started to balk. La Fountain of Polo, the fat and limber third baseman, called a boney Dixonite a "stiff" and that was talked over by all the players and most of the spectators, but after awhile their chins got weary and they began playing ball, and before the end of the game nothing but pleasant jokes were interchanged. The score by innings was:

Dixon	0	0	3	0	1	0	3	3	0	—10
Polo	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	— 3

The following tables show the plays, positions, times at bat, runs, left on bases, hits by which they got to bases:

DIXON	TB.	R.	LB.	H.
Lynch, 2d b,	5	4	0	4
Knapp, p,	5	0	2	3
Hargraves, ss,	5	1	1	2
Vaugh, 1st b,	5	1	0	1
Ferris, 3d b,	5	0	1	2
Drew, c,	5	1	2	3
Stead, lf,	5	1	1	1
Null, cf,	5	0	1	1
Carroll, rf	5	2	0	3
Total	45	10	8	20

POLO.	TB.	R.	LB.	H.
Lupe, c	5	0	1	0
Withers, p,	5	0	1	2
La Fountain, 3d b	5	1	2	3
Norcott, lf,	5	0	2	1
Cornelius, 1st b,	5	1	0	1
Coursey, cf,	4	0	1	0
O'Kane, ss,	4	1	0	1
Abbott, rf,	4	0	2	1
Freeman, 2d b,	4	0	2	1
Total	41	3	11	10

The features of the game were the way the first men to bat on both sides got to first base. They each struck three times; the catcher muffed the ball and threw it high over the baseman's head.

In the third inning Stead made a home run on errors; to first on balls and wild throws sent him the rest of the way. Carroll in the same inning got to third in the same way excepting that he hit the ball and short stop threw wild.

While Polo was at the bat the third time Hargraves made a brilliant stop and threw to first.

Lynch was the only man in either nine to make a hit for second base and he did it twice. He went to bat five times and made four hits and four tallies.

The first Poloite to see third was Coursey in the fifth innings, when they got three men on the bags and Knapp threw Withers out at first.

In the seventh inning Ferris did the proper thing. Vaughn was on third and Ferris got between second and first and kept the Poloites busy while Vaughn ran home.

Lynch made a double play in the ninth inning, stopping a grounder near second, touching a runner and throwing to first, first too men out. Norcott then went to bat and got to first. Coursey next up knocked a high fly into left field and Stead reached for it and kept on running towards town. No one could tell whether he was chasing the ball in the grass or was going home because the game was finished; but those who know him best followed him off the field.

Thirteen hits were made off the Chicago pitcher, and the visitors got five from Knapp, who pitched a rattling good game.

Chased by "Her" Husband.

A Dixon young man visited in Rochelle two weeks ago and only now do we learn of a foot race he had with an angry husband. It was a stern chase, with our citizen, badly frightened, in the lead. A jackrabbit would have gotten out of the way to see him run. He went up one side of the street and down the other, into a drug store and over the counters and out again, and luckily got away and went to a police magistrate, who put the mad husband under bonds to keep the peace.

—It is very amusing to listen to the discussions on the debate in Dixon yesterday. Each fellow went up to hear the other side get everlastingly walloped and they all seem to think it was accomplished. As far as the reporter could learn, there has been but one convert made.—Sterling Standard.

Ideal Root Beer

and

LEMONADE TABLETS.

Only Ten Cents per package. Just the thing for Picnics and Campers.

D. S. HORTON,

Prescription Druggist, Dixon, Ill.

THRESHERMEN !

A Second-hand Engine, Seperator, Stacker and Weigher for sale, all in good condition,

VERY CHEAP.

C. J. ROSBROOK,

First Sreet, Dixon, Ill.

DID YOU SAY

THAT your plumbing or heating apparatus was not satisfactory; or did you say you intend to introduce such improvements in your homes or buildings this season? In either case CHARLES G. SMITH is the person you want to see—you will find him at No. 6, River Street, or telephone No. 117 will bring him to you.—Estimates cheerfully made on all work in my line. Best Boilers for Hot Water or Steam. Best Plumbing Goods and Best Workmen.

Chas. G. Smith,

NO. 6. River St., Dixon, Ill.

FOR 20 DAYS!

A lot of broken sizes in Ladies' Shoes to be closed out for less than they are worth, in Hand-turns, Goodyear Welts and Machine Sewed. Also a full line of Gents' Furnishings Try our cycle shoes; best on earth. Straw hats are ripe at Yates & Smith's. Try the new firm and be convinced prices are right and quality some better.

Yours To Please,

YATES & SMITH,

NO. 6, EAST FIRST STREET.

The PLYMOUTH CLOTHING HOUSE,

No. 12 First Street, Dixon, Ill.

Great Prior to Taking Inventory Sale.

At the end of each Season we take Inventory, and as the time is now at hand we shall for the next few Days, if low prices are any Inducement, Demonstrate to you that never was there a more opportune Time than Now to take advantage of a Good Thing.

OUR STOCK MUST BE REDUCED TO THE LOWEST POSSIBLE NOTCH before taking a Reckoning of it.

Profits sink into utter oblivion during this Sale. As we are Duty Bound to Reduce our Stock, Regardless of what may be the Cost. We cannot Emphasize too Strongly the many Bargains we have in Every Department that Lend a Helping Hand to *THIS GREAT PRIOR TO INVENTORY SALE.*

An over-stock of Men's Suits that will Soon Vanish at the prices to be Sold during this Sale.

Boy's and Children's Suits at Astonishing Low Prices. Tempting Bargains of the non-resisting Kind in this Department during this Sale.

MEN'S PANTS, A Larger Stock than it should be, throws forth Bargains worth Investigating during this Sale.

Furnishings for Men of every sort, at far much less than the Regular Price during this Sale.

The PLYMOUTH CLOTHING HOUSE,

Painting, House Decorating!

Those in need of Neat Frescoing, Painting, Paper Hanging or Artistic House Decorating, should consult

A. E. Patrick.

Painting, Paper Hanging, Kalsomining.

Carriage Work a Specialty!
All Work Guaranteed!

JEROME F. McKENNEY,
New Shop, 111 Hennepin Avenue.

The Merchant tailoring business of the late M. Cahill will be contined on at the old stand and we invite Mr. Cahill's old customers and as many new ones as is possible to give us a call. We have a large fine stock of goods to select from and we are prepared to make them up right. No fit, no sale. We have also secured the services of an excellent cutter from Chicago, Mr. Fisher, and would be pleased to have as many call as would want a good suit of clothes in the newest designs.

E. J. Cahill & Co.
No. 10 First Street.



A PLEASURE

to clean one of Huguet's fine harness is the verdict from the coachman. The leather s so fine, pliable and durable, and the trimmings are so heavily plated, that it always looks perfectly new. He keeps every requisite for the stable in harness, collars, bridles, blankets, boots, etc., in all the latest improved designs and styles.

C. M. HUGUET, First St.



Poultry, Farm, Garden, Cemetery, Lawn, Railroad and Rabbit Fencing.

Thousands of miles in use. Catalogue Free. Freight Paid. Prices Low.

The McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO.
114, 116, 118 and 120 N. Market St., CHICAGO, ILL.

BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

YOUTHS' DEPARTMENT.

An Interesting Talk About Sea Anemones—The Rose and the Bee—How to Make Soap Bubbles.

If you have ever had the opportunity of looking into one of the pools which the sea leaves among the rocks when the tide goes out you have noticed some strange and interesting creatures, and among those the sea anemones. If so, I am sure that you admired them very much. They are just like flowers growing in the sea. Some of them are like dahlias and others like chrysanthemums, and when they are opened they are of all sorts of beautiful colors.

But sea anemones are not always open. Very often they close themselves tightly up, and then they only look like lumps of brown or dark green jelly. But before long they are sure to open again and wave their feelers to and fro as before.

You would hardly think that these feelers were weapons, would you? But they are, and very deadly weapons, too, to many of the smaller creatures which live in the pool. For each of them is closely set with tiny oval cells, in every one of which a poisoned dart is tightly coiled up; and as soon as any small animal swims up against them the darts spring out, and before long the poor creature is dead.

This is the way in which sea anemones always catch their prey, and some of them will capture and kill prawns and crabs and even small fishes.

As soon as a victim is seized all the feelers—or tentacles, as they are called—bend down and slowly press into the body. Then for 24 hours or so the anemone remains closed, but at the end of that time it spreads its tentacles again. You need not be afraid of touching a sea anemone if you should happen to find one; for, although it can kill the small creatures on which it feeds, its poison is not strong enough to hurt a human being.

The Bee That Tarried Too Long.

There was a rose in a garden bower.
There was a bee in a hive
Who buzzed about for an idle hour,
Then cried: "I'll call on the fragrant flower
While the fragrant flower's alive.

"I'll tarry a spell to tie this lace,
I'll tarry a spell to find
My new silk beaver's hiding place
('Tis just the shape to suit my face),
So I can't leave that behind."

He searched each cell with wondrous care
He buckled his belt of jet,
Then sallied forth with a lordly air,
But soon came back in cold despair,
For the summer sun had set.

"I'll go tomorrow," he sadly said.
"I tarried too long, I fear,
For had I set out at once instead
Of wasting time till day was dead,
The honey would now be here."

All night long in his insect dream
He heard the wild wind blow.
He shuddered at every angry scream,
For he dreamt the wind most cruel did seem
Where his garden rose did grow.

He woke in dread, as we sometimes do,
And greeted the golden dawn.
He sought the bower where the fair rose grew.
Alas! the poor bee's dream was true,
For the fragrant rose was gone.

A Little Queen's Dress.

Children abroad are never overdressed, a white gown and a neat, plain suit being regarded as sufficient even on occasions of ceremony for girl and boy until old enough to enter society, says Table Talk. In evidence of this is a pretty story of the little Wilhelmina, queen of Holland, on her recent visit to Queen Victoria. A drawing room was held, but because of her extreme youth she was not allowed to be present, her mother, the queen regent, representing her. The youthful sovereign was much interested in the English court and very anxious to witness its ceremony and splendor, and by the indulgence and planning of Victoria this was accomplished. We are told that "in a simple white gown the future queen of the Netherlands sat in a distant window, herself unseen, but beholding with shining eyes and clasped hands the wonderful pageant of beauty, magnificent toilets, plumes and jewels as it passed before her.

Big, Strong Soap Bubbles.

To make soap bubbles that will be larger in size and have greater power than those made with ordinary soap and water procure at the druggist's 2 drams of white or mottled castile soap and put it with 2 ounces of water in a bottle holding three or four times the quantity of the solution. When the soap is perfectly dissolved, add an ounce of glycerin and shake well every two or three hours all day. Then let it stand for 24 hours, when it will be ready for use. The water and glycerin can be measured carefully, 8 teaspoonfuls making an ounce. A thin glass pipe will give better results than a clay pipe, but if the latter is used it should have as long a stem as possible, and after using it for a time it will work better than at first, says the New York Journal.

A Monkey With Good Sense.

An interesting story is told of a pet monkey which answers to the name of Jocko. The children of the house and Jocko are boon companions, and of a summer afternoon often enjoy a frolic together upon the lawn. One day some one threw a match down and the grass caught fire, making a little blaze. Jocko saw it, stopped and looked, then glanced round, and, seeing a piece of plank not far off, he ran for it, crept cautiously to the fire, all the time holding the plank as a shield between himself and the flame, then he threw the plank on the fire and pressed it down and put it out. What child could have reasoned better or done more?

The Little New Brother.

Tommy had been boasting about his new brother.

"How old is he, Tom?" asked the policeman.

"Two weeks," said Tom.

"He's very small, isn't he?"

"Yes," said Tom, "he's pretty small—that is, all except his voice."

SILVER ROBS LABOR.

CONGRESSIONAL REPORT ON EFFECTS OF SILVER.

Shows That Wages Are Lowered by Depreciating Silver—This Gives Manufacturers Some Advantage Over Foreign Manufacturers—Wages Rising In United States, as Shown by Official Statistics.

At the recent session of congress the house of representatives directed the committee on ways and means to investigate the alleged invasion of American markets by cheap Japanese products and to make an inquiry as to whether the difference of exchange between Japan and the United States gives the Japanese manufacturers an advantage over those of this country. After careful inquiry into the subject Chairman Dingley of the committee prepared a report, stating that no articles of importance made in Japan outside of cheap silks, matting, rugs, etc., have as yet invaded the markets of the United States, but that with greater industrial development Japanese competition may be expected to increase. In regard to the effects of the difference of exchange owing to the fact that Japan is a silver using country and that two Japanese yen (dollars) are only worth one United States dollar, Mr. Dingley says:

"Clearly this difference in the value or purchasing power of the dollar of the two countries gives the manufacturer no advantage in purchasing his material. Indeed, the manufacturer of cotton in Japan is in this respect at a disadvantage, for his cotton comes largely from the United States, and he must pay not only the freight but an additional charge for the risk of the fluctuations of exchange resulting from the fact that Japan does not have the monetary standard of the commercial world. He obtains no advantage by the sale of his goods in the terms of a more valuable currency, but, on the contrary, loses something by this brokerage.

"The only way in which the manufacturer in Japan can possibly obtain any advantage over the manufacturer here, from the fact that the Japanese yen, formerly equal, is now worth only half as much as the dollar of the United States, must therefore be through the failure of the wages of labor in Japan to rise as much as the yen has depreciated in its relative value to gold since 1873; while wages in the United States since 1873 have doubled, as estimated in silver, and have even risen 15 per cent as estimated in gold.

"And this is what has taken place:

AVERAGE GOLD WAGES AND PRICES OF PRODUCTS FROM 1846 TO 1892.

	Soetbeer (average of all prices).	Wright (average of all prices).	Wright (average wages).
1846	——	106.4	89.3
1849	——	98.7	92.5
1854	100.2	112.9	95.8
1857	107.5	112.5	99.9
1858	93.8	101.8	98.5
1859	96.2	100.2	99.1
1860	100	100	100
1864	106.9	122.5	80.8
1866	104	136.3	108.8
1868	100.8	115.9	114.9
1870	101.6	117.3	133.7
1873	114.3	122	138.3
1875	107.3	113.4	140.8
1876	106.1	104.8	135.2
1878	99.7	99.9	140.5
1879	96.8	96.6	139.9
1880	100.8	106.9	141.5
1883	101	106	152.7
1885	89.9	93	150.7
1887	84.3	92.6	153.7
1889	87.7	94.2	156.7
1891	90.3	92.2	160.7

"In other words, while on the one hand wages remain very nearly the same in silver in Japan as they were 23 years ago, when one Japanese yen was the equal in value to one gold dollar, notwithstanding now one gold dollar will exchange for two Japanese yens, on the other hand, in the United States the wages paid by the manufacturers are (or were in 1892) 15 per cent higher in gold, more than 100 per cent higher in silver and 25 per cent higher in purchasing power than they were a quarter of a century ago, in consequence of which the labor cost of production in Japan is largely diminished, while the labor cost of production in the United States has been increased, except as counteracted by a larger use of labor saving devices."

It is evident, therefore, that whatever advantage a manufacturer or other employer of labor in Japan obtains by being able to pay his labor in silver at $1.29 per ounce, bought abroad for 68 cents per ounce, arises from practical robbery of the Japanese laborer through the use of depreciated money.

Indeed, in a recent paper on the subject, Mr. Jamieson, the English consul at Shanghai, presents, as an advantage of the silver standard to the manufacturer, that by means of it he can "obtain his labor at half the cost which he formerly did."

If there are any manufacturers in this country who are inclined to look upon Japan's silver standard as desirable for the United States as a means of reducing our wages of labor and increasing their ability to compete with the imported products of cheap labor, they will speedily revise any such short-sighted view when they reflect that it is our high wages and our high standard of living that make our consumption per capita so much larger than that of any other people and furnish our manufacturers and producers with a market for their products such as is known nowhere else and upon which rests the prosperity of our industries and our country. No monetary policy that would tend to depreciate our money and thus diminish the wages and producing power of the masses should be entertained.

Æsop on Free Silver.

Once upon a time every one that was in debt and every one that was discontented said to the capitalists, "We work to enrich you, while you do nothing at all; we will do it no longer—16 to 1 or bust." Thereupon they began to pay 50 cents on the dollar, when they discovered that business was more stagnant than before, that the market for their crops had been contracted, and that they could borrow no more money on any terms.

ANY WIFE TO ANY HUSBAND.

Today, if I were dead and could not feel
Your kisses or your tears upon my face,
If all the world could give of woe or weal,
Could find within my heart no resting place,
You would not think of any bitter past,
You would not chide me for a careless word,
You could not be so cruel at the last
As to condemn me, unconfessed, unheard.

If I were lying wrapt about in white,
With flowers all around me, on my breast
And in my hands, and on my face the light
That angels shed upon their dead at rest—
If I were lying thus, and one should say
Such bitter things as you have said to me,
With sternest anger you would drive away
That one and swear 'twere all base calumny.

I'll not rebuke you, though my heart be full.
I dare not chide. I, too, may be astray.
Experience yet may teach—a bitter school—
Me what to do and what, perchance, to say.
And yet I ask you, humbly, tenderly,
If I should answer nevermore your call,
Would you not grieve of all most bitterly
For words and deeds that are beyond recall?
—Pearson's Weekly.

Purcell's Church Music.

In Purcell's great church music, which is far better known than his secular work, he is still full of respect for his works; he is also still dramatic, but dramatic with a difference. He was far too great a man not to see the fine distinction, which foolish people nowadays are apt to ignore, between sacred music and secular; far too great not to realize that, although sacred music must excite nearly all the emotions excited by secular music, or it becomes formal and unhuman, yet it must excite them with a different object and from a different motive or it becomes sensational and sentimental. Many English church composers have fallen into the first error and written music which, as Mr. Barrett says, "is like chaff for dryness and unlike chaff for heaviness." Many foreign composers have fallen into the second—Rossini, for example. Rossini's remark that he "knew only two kinds of music, good and bad," is exactly what might have been expected from the composer of his "Stabat Mater." But Purcell steers a noble course between the two extremes. In his anthem and in his great "Te Deum," the original manuscript of which has been lately recovered by Dr. Bridge, we have the finest work of English church music as well as perhaps the finest work of the master himself.

His connection with Westminster abbey was not the only post of honor he held. He was also organist of the Chapel royal and composer in ordinary to the king, and all this at 25. Besides these regular appointments, we hear of him playing elsewhere—at the Temple church, for instance, on that exquisite organ, which, for chastened and refined beauty has scarcely an equal. At the famous contest between the organ builders Harris and Smith, which lasted for a twelvemonth and became so violent that one night the friends of Harris crept in and cut the bellows of Smith's organ, Purcell was employed to play for Smith. Perhaps it was partly owing to him that the instrument was finally chosen by Judge Jeffreys instead of the one by Harris.—Temple Bar.

Siam Sapphire Mines.

The Pailin mines are spread over an area six miles by two and consist of 13 mining villages, the chief of which are Baw Taka and Baw Dineo. These two are more than four miles apart, but they are joined by an excellent road cut through the forest and well drained. Sapphires are found all over this district. The whole countryside is riddled with holes sunk in the red soil down to the sapphire layer. Formerly the stones were found quite near the surface, but these places have long since been exhausted, although the Burmese still continue to turn over the old heaps in the firm conviction that precious stones grow. Now the stones are found at a depth of from 15 to 25 feet in a reddish, gravelly layer of varying thickness up to 18 inches. The pit sunk is usually some 5 feet in diameter and either square or circular. Soil is raised in bamboo baskets attached to the end of a balanced lever, and when the sapphire layer is reached the stratum is carried to the nearest water and washed carefully for stones. Not more than one shaft in three pays for its working expenses, but when the sapphire layer is struck the profits may be large indeed. It is all a question of luck. To dig and work out one shaft occupies two or three men one month. Two or three Burmese generally go into partnership and hire Laos miners to work for them and sink the shaft at the rate 2 ticals (2s. 8d.) per 18 inches. Occasionally sapphires of considerable value reward the miner, but the sapphires of Pailin are of more commercial value because of their quantity than because of their intrinsic excellence.—London Times.

Air In the Bones of Birds.

It is often said by persons who are not well enough acquainted with the science of ornithology to know whether they speak the truth or not that the bones of the turkey vulture are hollow air chambers, so constructed as to admit of continuous flight with but slight effort on the part of the bird. Of late years it has become the general belief that the bones of almost all varieties of birds are simply air cylinders and that the lordly turkey vulture and the condor are not better provided for in that particular than a host of smaller birds.

In order to get some scientific light on the subject, Dr. Crisp dissected 52 species of birds, great and small, but found only 13 in which the wing bones were hollow, and only one, the sparrow hawk, appeared to have the bony air chambers perforated. In 38 others examined by the doctor there were no signs of air in the bones, although in this list there were several birds of long and rapid flight. Dr. Crisp's conclusions are that there are but few birds which have been provided with natural air chambers, and that in cases where the provision is made it is not of such material benefit as has been generally supposed.—St. Louis Republic.

An Occult Study of Rubies.

The ruby, as indeed every other gem, had its magical properties in those old times when occultism was an article of faith. The oriental ruby defied both poison and the plague. Worn on the person or ground to powder and drunk as a drug it preserved the wearer and the swallower from that ever present danger of poison, that ever present fear of the plague. When misfortunes and evil days threatened the wearer, it lost its brilliancy and became sad and dark.

A learned German with an unpronounceable name testifies to this. "On the 5th day of October, 1600 after the birth of Christ Jesus, as I was going with my beloved wife Catharine Adelmannie (of pious memory), from Stutgard to Cahena, I observed by the way that a very fine ruby which I wore mounted in a gold ring (the one which she had given me) lost repeatedly and each time almost completely its splendid color, and that it assumed a somber, blackish hue, which blackness lasted not one day, but several, so much so that, being greatly astonished, I drew the ring from my finger and put it into a casket. I also warned my wife that some evil followed her or me, the which I augured from the change of the ruby. And truly I was not deceived, for within a few days she was taken mortally sick. After her death the ruby resumed its pristine color and brilliancy."—New York Dispatch.

His "Sheer."

The distinction of being the richest and meanest man in the town in which he lived belonged to old Andy Scraggs. No one questioned his right to this honor when old Andy's wife died and he went to four different undertakers, trying to get them to make him a coffin for $5 out of some worm eaten old black walnut boards he had kept in his barr for 20 years "for that very purpose," as he admitted.

When he was worth over $150,000, a committee went to him to solicit something for a widow with six little children who had been burned out of house and home and who had not a penny in the world nor a change of clothing for her children or herself.

"I'm dreadful sorry for her," said old Andy, "dreadful sorry, and I agree with you that it's right for her friends and neighbors to help her out. I'll do my sheer, gentlemen; I'll do my sheer."

He was making his usual five or six tons of maple sugar at the time, and, after a few moments' reflection, he said:

"I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll send her over two quarts o' maple sirup if she'll be sure to send back the jar I'll have to put it in. I think that'll be 'bout my sheer, gentlemin."—Detroit Free Press.

Scorching and Reading.

The man who gets so interested in his newspaper on the street cars that he is oblivious to women who stand and men who climb over him has not endeared himself to his kind; but Kansas City has produced even a greater nuisance in a bicyclist who reads as he rides. It would seem to the casual observer that the bicycle offered sufficient advantages to inflict or receive accidents even when the rider kept his eyes open and his wits alert. This rider is described as going scorching along with his attention apparently absorbed by what he is reading, while terrified pedestrians climb the telephone poles and seek such other places of safety as they can find. A few days ago another rider followed him, hoping to be in at the death; but the literary bicyclist rode on, reading congenial tales of battle, murder and sudden death, until he turned down a quiet street, where he folded his paper, put it in his pocket and coasted safely into his own yard.—New Orleans Picayune.

George Francis Train's Peculiarities.

George Francis Train's hair is a little whiter and his eccentricities a little more pronounced, and he has even increased the size of the bouquet that he wears pinned to the lapel of his white coat. He is the most picturesque character to be found in Madison square, New York, on a warm day. It was a good many years ago when George Francis Train announced his determination to shake hands no more and expressed the opinion that the friendship of children was worth more than that of their elders. He has cultivated the acquaintance of the children who play in Madsion square, and every one of them knows him to be a good fellow. People who see him regularly have come to look upon his eccentricities with little interest, but he is one of the sights of Broadway to visitors who know anything about his career. He is not averse to notoriety and willingly talks with any one who addresses him.—New York Letter.

The Largest Described Snake.

Speke, in his narrative of the journey to the source of the Nile, describes the largest snake that has ever been seen by man. "I shuddered," he says, "as I looked upon the effect of his tremendous dying strength. For yards around where he lay grass, bushes and saplings—in fact, everything except full grown trees—were cut clean off, as if they had been trimmed with an immense scythe. The monster, when measured, was 51 feet 2½ inches in extreme length, while around the thickest portions of its body the girth was nearly 3 feet."

A World Out of Joint.

A poor devil tells his latest misadventure: "I had had nothing to eat for two days. In despair I threw myself into the Seine. A sailor fishes me out. Well, they gave $5 to my rescuer and nothing to me."—Figaro.

Men are often capable of greater things than they perform. They are sent into the world with bills of credit and seldom draw to their full extent.—Walpole.

The Experienced Chosen.

"Standing committees in our club?" said the new woman. "Certainly. All formed of members who are in the habit of riding in the trolley cars."

The man, in conscious guilt, blushed vociferously, as Mr. Stephen Crane might say.—Indianapolis Journal.

A New Spirit In Housekeeping.

There are hopeful signs that the boarding house epoch is giving way to an era of light housekeeping, and the economic importance of the change can hardly be overestimated. Not only does it indicate that the wealth producing population is being increased by large numbers of its former dependents, but it means that the intelligence of the country is coming to be enlisted in scientific methods of housekeeping. It insures the introduction of new inventions and best appliances in the home. The New England matron may regulate the complex machinery of extensive household affairs according to the most approved methods, but it is nevertheless true that science in domestic matters has been awaiting the era of light housekeeping. Ignorance and cheap labor are the natural enemies of invention, and in the field of woman's industry the battle is not yet fought, although labor saving appliances are at last slowly winning their way in the home.—Twentieth Century Cookery.

The Tip Tilted Hat.

The tip tilted hat is likely to destroy many a reputation for beauty, as few women apparently study profile effects in the mirror. Along with the tooth and the nail brush the use of the handglass ought to be obligatory. Then would we be spared the sight of passe women, possessed of scrawny necks, dragging their scanty locks to the top of their heads and surmounting the tiny knot with a millinery structure which accentuates the hollowness of their cheeks and the unsymmetry of their noses. But to return to the hat thrust over the eyes, exceptional will be she whose good looks can withstand the coiffure arrangement necessary for the proper adjustment of this new millinery angle. A painstaking study of handglass reflection is recommended to even the pretty girl if she wishes to retain her belleship.—Vogue.

Piazza Chair Cushions.

Head rests or cushions for piazza chairs are covered with cream linens and grasscloths. They are embroidered in wash silks, and when soiled may be washed and made to look fresh and new. The cushion is made in the shape of a half circle, but the cover is straight and cut seven inches longer than the cushion, the ends being finished with a half inch, hemstitched border. The cover is drawn up at each end, leaving a three inch frill, and is tied with linen cords and tassels, by which the cushion is hung to the chair. A very dainty cover is made of deep cream colored linen, embroidered across one end with a hop vine and flowers in delicate greens. A grass linen cover has a graceful spray of red poppies worked across the top.

A Proud Record.

The showing of the English women's colleges this year is a record of which all women should be proud. Girton and Newnham colleges have each produced a wrangler. Miss Gertrude Longbottom is placed between the eleventh and thirteenth wranglers; only three women, Miss Fawcett, Miss Johnson and Miss Scott, have hitherto gained higher honors in the mathematical tripos. Miss Longbottom was educated at the North London Colegiate School For Girls, and went up to Girton in 1893. Miss Lazenby, who is declared equal to the twenty-sixth wrangler, belongs to Newnham college. Twelve other ladies have been successful in this tripos; ten have obtained a second and two a third class.

Ruche Trimmings.

The revival of the ruche as a trimming should be hailed with delight by the amateur, so easily is it made, so effective is it. Of its popularity, therefore, there can be no doubt, and already it is much in evidence. A Paris model gown seen the other day had every skirt seam outlined with ruchings, its sleeve epaulets being adorned in the same manner. These ruchings may be made of glace or sarcenet silk or even the thinner kinds of ribbon. Sometimes they match, sometimes they contrast with the frock they trim, but of whatever shade or fabric they give the latest up to date touch to any costume.

The Corset.

A well known New York corsetiere, says a New York paper, who sympathizes with the woman who must be economical, says that when a corset is seen to be losing its shapeliness it can be steamed until the bones are flexible, and then over a flatiron the bones can be restored to their correct shape. This is only possible, however, where the best materials are used, so that the actual shaping of the corset was done in cutting the forms, the bones being used merely to hold the pieces in place. If corsets were worn in sight, as bonnets are, what a revolution there would be in their appearance!

Neckties.

With some of the latest shirt waists and new collars it is almost impossible to fasten a tie properly. It has a fashion of slipping up or down, and, do what one will, the ends cannot be drawn together without breaking the stiff collar. The simplest way to remedy this is to fasten the tie at the back. A few stitches will do it. In putting it round the neck button the left end of the collar first; then the right, being passed over it, will hold it in place while you are wrestling with the tie.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Pretty Mantle Decoration.

A pretty decoration for the shelf of a mantel in a summer room is a low metal tray, as wide and as long as the shelf, filled with ferns, mosses and vines that need very little light and considerable moisture. If before a mirror, such a decoration has a cool, delightful effect.

The High Collar.

One virtue the uncomfortable high collar may be said to possess—it forces its wearer to hold her head high, with a slightly backward tip, and may influence that graceful carriage of the head which is so pleasing, which should not be a matter of props and stays.

THE TIFF.

When a pair of lovers quarrel
And in pride and anger part,
Oft with hasty speech unkindly
Wringing each the other's heart,

As with high and haughty footstep
Trips offended maid away.
She will turn her head a moment,
Glancing only—so she'll say—
At the glow of dying day.
Maiden's way! Maiden's way!

When a pair of lovers weary
Of such comedy of strife
Meet again and sue forgiveness,
Vowing harmony for life.

As, with soft and tender glances,
For one little kiss he'll pray.
She will turn her head a moment,
Coyly feigning shy delay
Lest he think he's won the day.
Maiden's way! Maiden's way!

—St. Paul's.

ABOVE THE CLOUDS.

"One thing I could never understand," said the judge as he looked around at three or four guests after dinner, "is why everybody seems to expect a man when telling a story orally to confine himself strictly to the truth while no one ever demands anything of the sort from a writing story teller. It isn't fair. Besides it is based on wrong principles. When a man tells a story, he ought to make it just as interesting as he can regardless of all considerations of truth."

"Dangerous doctrine. Might be extremely demoralizing," observed the dominie.

"I can't think so," returned the judge. "Take the case of a host, for instance. I hold that it is not only his privilege but his duty to entertain his guests with the best stories he can tell and give no thought to truth. And I'll undertake to show you that it is not demoralizing in any way. You remember having heard me mention the tramp trip which I took around the world when I was a young man, I presume."

"I believe so," answered the major doubtfully.

"I wasn't, of course, exactly what we picture when we think of a tramp, but I didn't have much money and naturally I fell in with all sorts and conditions of men. I reached my lowest ebb financially in Sydney, Australia. At a cheap boarding house I became acquainted with a man who was by profession an aeronaut. His name was Mudgett, though on the bills he scintillated as Signor Campanella.

"He was an excellent story teller and a good fellow, though, like myself, he was passing through a regular Oakhurstian streak of bad luck. He had lost his balloon. It seemed that the thing had blown away one particularly windy afternoon just before the ascent, and the poor fellow was waiting in hopes that it would be found out in the bush somewhere and brought in. It used to be quite pathetic to see him search through the want advertisements in the morning papers, looking for the heading of 'Found—Balloon,' but he never came across it. He also advertised it himself, giving a full description of the balloon and offering a reward of £10 for its return, but in this he was equally unsuccessful.

"At last he gave up all hope. 'Some woman found that balloon,' he would say, 'and couldn't resist the temptation to cut it up for silk dresses. Well, she's fixed for a good while anyhow; that balloon ought to make an ordinary sized woman about 200 dresses, though I'll bet a shilling she'll get tired of the color along on the last half of the second 100.' It was before the day of big sleeves, so I dare say he was right about the number.

"But my friend's fortunes changed finally, temporarily at least. He found a man willing to furnish money for a new balloon, and after it was finished he made regular daily ascents for a fortnight. He asked me to accompany him, and I did so several times. However, ill luck still pursued Campanella, and two weeks after he got his new balloon he one day had a row with a drunken sailor and went to the hospital with a broken head.

"The manager came to me in despair. Could not I make the ascent? I agreed and went over to the grounds. Here I put on the signor's gorgeous apparel and climbed into the basket. There was a trapeze below the basket on which the signor was wont to hang by his toes and otherwise to playfully disport himself while going up, but I judiciously kept off and stuck to the basket.

"The crowd made a great uproar about this, feeling that they were not getting their money's worth unless they saw a man endanger his life. I could hear the manager explaining that I would begin to perform as soon as I was up high enough to make it worth while, and later I understood that after I had passed out of sight above the clouds he assured them that I was then doing the most blood curdling feats on that trapeze that any human being ever attempted.

"There was a rather stiff breeze blowing and I sailed along at a good rate. I had shot up 6,000 or 7,000 feet, and far below was a mighty ocean of white cloud. Where I was the sun shone brightly, and it was cool and pleasant, but I could soon see the lightning thrashing about below and hear the thunder growl. I had no desire to go down into a thunderstorm, so I sailed on.

"At the end of two hours I was still driving along at the rate, I estimated, of 50 or 60 miles an hour. I had grown tired of watching the raging storm below and looked off toward what I suppose I may call the horizon. Far away against the sky I saw a speck. I thought it was a bird at first, but as we approached nearer what was my astonishment to see that it was another balloon.

"We were being driven by currents blowing at right angles and were rapidly coming closer together. Soon I could make out another person in the other balloon. I waved my hand at him, and, as he was a hundred feet above me, I threw out a few handfuls of ballast. I rose and instantly saw that we were going to meet. I prepared a rope, and as the sides of our great bags touched I threw one end into the oncoming basket. As the other aeronaut straightened up from making the end fast I was further astonished when my eyes met those of a beautiful young woman.

"The line was holding us only 10 or 12 feet apart. I took off my hat and, as a total stranger, apologized for addressing her, but hoped that the unusual circumstances of our meeting would excuse my apparent rudeness. Besides, I fancied that her face seemed familiar, though this, of course, was a flat lie. She smiled and gracefully accepted my apology. She was young, bright and, I thought, the handsomest girl I had ever seen. She was tastefully dressed in a fancy costume, with skirts reaching just below the knee.

"We were soon chatting pleasantly together, and I learned that she had gone up (or come up, rather,) that afternoon from Melbourne, and had been driving before the wind above the storm, as I had myself been doing. It was, she said, only her third ascent, but she was perfectly cool and laughed gayly over our somewhat strange meeting. I happened to look closely at her balloon, and suddenly it struck me that it answered the description of the one the signor had lost. I asked her delicately where she got it, and she said that it had come down one day in her father's front yard, and after a diligent attempt to find the owner by advertising in all of the Melbourne papers and putting up a notice in the post office she had decided to begin making ascents with the balloon herself, since there was a heavy mortgage on her father's farm and danger of his losing it if £500 was not raised soon.

"She was much embarrassed when I told her that I knew the owner of the balloon, and instantly said she would return it to him at the earliest possible moment. I was by this time so taken by her that I told her she should do nothing of the sort; that as the signor had got another balloon I would see that she was not dispossessed, though I had not the least idea how I should ever pay for it.

"At this she blushed, thanked me, but said that mamma would not allow her to accept such a gift from a comparative stranger. I was deeply touched by her delicacy in the matter, but resolved that she should own the balloon nevertheless. In fact, to tell the truth, I was, as you may guess, falling in love with the girl just as rapidly as it is possible for any man to fall in love with any young woman.

"And, to make a long story short, by the time the storm was over and we began to descend I was engaged to her, subject to the consent of her parents. As we settled toward the earth and I gazed across into her great, liquid eyes and saw there the light of awakening love I was the happiest man above the Australian continent. But one dark thought crossed my mind—that of my utter poverty.

"We soon reached terra firma, and a delicious thrill shot through me as I touched her hand for the first time in assisting her from her basket. I then turned and picked up a stone to use in staking down our balloons. I saw something gleam on it. I examined closely. Gold! A glance showed more all about on the ground. I used my stakes in marking out a claim. It became the celebrated Gas Bag mine, of which you have heard, and a month later I sold it for £200,000. We were married in Woolloomoolloo."

"See here, judge," broke in the dominie, "I thought this story was going to introduce an incident to prove that lying is not demoralizing!"

"I promised nothing of the sort," returned the judge. "This story is an example, not an incident to prove anything. However there may be proof in it after all. I have told it, and I'll leave it to any one here if I am demoralized."—Hayden Carruth in Chicago Post.

The Game as Played In Africa.

It can hardly be too often repeated that the Jameson raid and the Johannesburg rising are merely incidents in the game which has been played for years and is still playing between Mr. Rhodes as the representative of British hegemony and President Kruger as representative of Dutch and ultimately, though not willingly, of German. I have a good deal of admiration for President Kruger as a strong man in a difficult place and highly esteem the Boers as a resolute and hardy race, but President Kruger's government is intolerable, and if he were to win we should lose the headship of South Africa. There is a great deal of talk now about getting at the guilty person behind Jameson's raid and Johannesburg's revolt. This is assumed to be Mr. Rhodes—a short sighted assumption.

Behind the reform committee, who merely found an ally in Mr. Rhodes, looms the formidable first cause of the disturbances in the Transvaal, the ungainly figure of the old dopper dictator. Give him all praise for diplomacy, courage, tenacity and a certain diplomatic magnanimity, but remember that the oppression and corruption of his government, deaf to remonstrance or warning, is the real cause of the trouble, and that the guilt for the blood spilled at Krugersdorp, as for the suicides in the tronk at Pretoria, rests on the unrelenting, though somewhat unctuous, autocrat of the Transvaal.—Fortnightly Review.

Half a Loaf.

The Northern American Turnerbund, which recently met at Louisville, has a "woman question." It was recommended by the committee that women be permitted to take part in the big carnival at St. Louis next year, which was carried, but they were denied admittance into the convention by a vote of 215 to 167.

Got the Pen Mixed.

"Yes, sir," said the fat stranger, "the pen is mightier than the sword."

"From Chicago, ain't you?"—Atlanta Constitution.

Special English Traits.

The intellectual specialty of the English, as we should contend, is their impatience of abstract ideas, their inability to believe that because an idea is sound they are, therefore, bound, even when it is inconvenient, to push it to its logical result. They insist on self government, but are quite content to tolerate monarchy and aristocracy. They hold to religious liberty as a dogma, but tax all landlords indifferently to support an established church. They believe in the equality of citizens and tolerate the most astounding differences in the amount of voting power which is assigned to each, so that a Londoner has scarcely a third of the power to influence laws possessed by an Arcadian or man of Kilkenny.

They swear by the franchise as the sheet anchor of liberty, but do not fret, if they get liberty, because the franchise is a restricted one. Every man with us is in the national ideal "free to say the thing he will," but when he has said it he comes under very strict laws, indeed, intended to provide that what is said shall not be libelous or blasphemous or improper. Colonel Ingersoll, the American apostle of disbelief, would on this side of the water have passed half his life in prison.—London Spectator.

Paul Revere's Tower.

It is saddening for the patriotic tourist after he has gazed with reverence at the towers of old Christ church to be told that he is not seeing the original windows from which Paul Revere hung out his lanterns, but a copy, the real tower having been blown down in the great gale of 1804. However, there are plenty of genuine relics inside—where the vast majority of Boston never goes. There are still the old deep window seats, the balcony surrounding the church, with its supporting pillars and upper arches; the top "slaves' gallery," and the antique pews. The bottom of the ancient pulpit of hourglass shape is left us, but the top was given away by the church officials in 1820. The clock under the rail has told of the flight of the man with the scythe for 150 years; the "Vinegar Bible," prayer books, and silver communion service bearing the royal arms were gifts from King George II in 1733; the huge christening basin came from a parishioner in 1730. The marble bust of Washington against the wall was the earliest memorial erected to the Father of His Country, having been placed in position but ten years after his death.—Boston Traveller.

A Boy's Sympathy.

A 14-year-old boy went into his mother's presence with one eye black, his lips swollen and a ragged scratch across his cheek, the blood from which he had wiped off with his shirt sleeve. "Nicodemus," cried the parent as he crawled in, "have you been fighting again?"

"No," he sullenly grunted.

"Then what on earth ails your face?"

"Jim Green's ma's dead," he replied.

"Well, suppose she is. What's that to do with your disfigured face?"

"I seed Jim just now," answered the boy, "and he looked awful sad and lonesome."

"Well?"

"I didn't know what ter do ter make him bright and happy like, and, feelin sorry for him, I jest went up and let him hit me a few licks."

"Did it help him?" asked the mother.

"Help him?" echoed the boy in a surprised tone. "Of course it did. Don't you think it'd make you feel good to bust a fellow that way what had licked you every week for a year?"—Pearson's Weekly.

Jamaica Folklore Sayings.

Ebery day bucket go da well; one day bottom drop out.

What costs notin git good weight.

Patient man drive jackass.

One time fool no fool; two time fool him da fool.

When towel turn tablecloth, dere's no bearin wid it. (Directed against codfish aristocracy.)

Me dead hog a'ready; me no min hot water.

When cow tail cut off, God Almighty brush fly fi him. (Apparently another way of saying "God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb.")

Spit in de sky, it fall in your face. (A maxim of prudence.)

Big blanket mek man sleep late.

Too much sit down broke trousers.

Shut mout' no catch fly. (A plea for silence.)—Journal of American Folklore.

Major Shirts, of Course.

Famous old Governor Henry A. Wise of Virginia was directly or indirectly the source of many a good story. Here is one that I do not think has found its way into print: One day at a political gathering he was approached by a well dressed individual, who shook hands warmly with him. The governor was a bit bothered and confessed he could not recall the hand shaker's name.

"Why, you must remember me, governor," said the latter. "I'm from Richmond. I made your shirts."

"Why, of course," said the governor with all a politician's tact. "Gentlemen, this is my very excellent neighbor, Major Shirts."—Washington Post.

A Question of Precedence.

The various noble orders of merit in Great Britain have the following precedence: Knights Grand Crosses of the Bath, Knights Grand Crosses of the Star of India, Knights of St. Patrick, Knights Grand Crosses of St. Michael and St. George, Knights Commanders of the Bath, Knights Commanders of the Star of India, Knights Commanders of St. Michael and St. George, and Knights Bachelors.

Longing For a Soaker.

Hobbs—Queer, isn't it, that it never rains when one wants it to.

Dobbs—Garden in need of rain.

Hobbs—No; it's myself. My wife gave me a new umbrella for a birthday present, and it hasn't rained since."—Detroit Free Press.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Dr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery, I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at A. H. Tillson's Drug Store. 2

A Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headache yields to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In case of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at A. H. Tillson's Drug Store. 2

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. H. Tillson, Druggists, Dixon, Illinois.

Don't trifle away time when you have cholera morbus or diarrhœa. Fight them in the beginning with De Witt's Colic and Cholera Cure. You don't have to wait for results; they are instantaneous, and it leaves the bowels in healthy condition. W. D. Duffin.

Programs printed on short notice at this office.

Theories of cure may be discussed at length by physicians, but the sufferers want quick relief; and One Minute Cough Cure will give it to them. A safe cure for children. It is "the only harmless remedy that produces immediate results." W. D. Duffin.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
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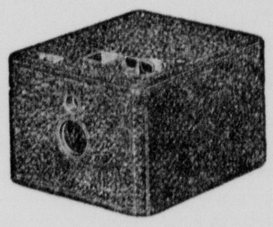
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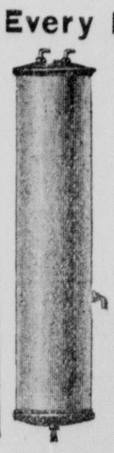
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Chic'g Ex.	6:50 am..A	Belle P'l.	4:00 pm..C
Clint. Ps.	7:08 am..C	Ia&DaEx.	7:30 pm..A
Belle P'l.	11:05 am...C	O'v Lm't.	8:32 pm..A
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WEATHER REPORT.

For the week commencing Aug. 2 '96.

	7 A. M.	1 P. M.	9 P. M.	Max	Min.	Precp
Sun.	66	83	72	85	60	.—
Mon.	70	85	—	—	64	.—
Tues.	—	—	—	—	—	.—
Wed.	—	—	—	—	—	.—
Thurs.	—	—	—	—	—	.—
Fri.	—	—	—	—	—	.—
Sat.	—	—	—	—	—	.—

THE WEATHER.

The following is the weather forecast telegraphed us at 9:50 o'clock a. m. today from the government observatory at Chicago:

Generally fair tonight and Tuesday, warmer in the north and central portions of the state tonight.

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50 Dozen Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Jersey Vests,

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15 First Street.

Would Change a Few Minds.

Danville, Illinois has a business man and a financier and here is his proposition, acording to the Commercial of that town:

Said a business man and financier of this town: "I wish I was President Cleveland for 24 hours, in case the Democratic national convention declares for free silver. I would allow the gold reserve to get down to $75,000,000, and then the first man who comes to the treasury for a million dollars would be told that the government has the option to pay in coin, and I would have his million dollars dumped out in silver. That would put the country on a silver basis in a hurry. So soon as it was telegraphed over the country that the government had ceased to pay gold there would be an immediate slump to a 50 cent silver dollar basis. It would be hard on the country, but it would be an object lesson in free silver that would be easily understood. There would be no theory about that. What a howl would go up! That would end free silver. And if I were Grover Cleveland, after having made such heroic efforts to maintain the government credit, and having received unlimited abuse by the men who elected me on a platform for sound money, I would give them a dose of their medicine in short order." And," added the business man, "if Cleveland should take the notion, he has grit enough to carry it out. It would be heroic treatment, but it would suffice to cure the free silver disease."

—Lets see! We believe the candidate for vice president has the bar'l. In many of his speeches Candidate Bryan says: "I regret that Mr. Sewall is not with us today," and they do say the fervency with which he thinks it is traceable upon his face every time he steps up to the window to buy a railway ticket.

—A western exchange says: "Miss Frances Perkins, of Cleo, Oklahoma, drank the water of an egg stone, and as she quaffed it, she fell dead. Within eight hours her body was petrified. The egg stone is a species of rock shaped like a cocoanut, with clear water in the hollow of it. All the people in that neighborhood are puzzled over the strange occuerence."

—Kansas City Journal: "Why," asks the Buffalo Express, "wouldn't it be a good idea for President Cleveland to wear a yellow jacket and peacock feathers when he receives Li Hung Chang?" For the reason that he hasn't any. The Chicago convention divested him of both, and came very near getting his undershirt and came very near knocking the socks of'n him.

Amusement, Business and Local Items.

Quaker bread, the latest and best, try it. Made daily at Beier Bros., the bakers. 75tf

Soft coal that burns as clear as wood is nice, and Pitcher sells it.

Call on the Dixon Ice Company for pure up-river ice. Telephone 101. 98tf

Hacks to trains or to any part of the city. Leave orders at L. E. Edwards store, Galena avenue: evenings or Sundays at the Nachusa House; or telephone to stable on third street at any time. Telephone No. 133.
14tf URIAH STROUP.

Soft coal that burns as clear as wood is nice, and Pitcher is the only one in Dixon who sells it It is the Assumption. d&wtf

A. I. Gage is now running hacks to all trains, or any part of the city. Day calls leave at Parker & Sawyer's, telephone 45; night calls at Washington House, Telephone 135. 26tf

CLOSING OUT!

J. W. KENT & SON are closing out at cost their stock of high grade bicycles. 25t2

A Cold Cure For 10c.

Three little tablets, each a seperate prescription that together will cure a cold in one night. "Cold Crackers" are for sale at all druggists. Perfectly harmless. Certain to cure.

Steamboat Rides.

The large steamer Spencer, the safest boat on the river, is well manned and ready for excursions. Leave orders at John D. Parsons' or at the boat. 95tf

SAY WHERE YOU ARE GOING

And the Santa Fe will take you there. It traverses fourteen states and Territories with nearly 10,000 miles of track.

Health and pleasure resorts, in the mountains or by the sea—winter or summer, it makes no differenee—they are easily and comfortably reached via the Santa Fe.

And the big business centers—Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Ft. Worth, Galveston, Los Angeles, San Francisco—they are on the Santa Fe.

To find out what the ticket rate is, inquire of local agent or address G. T. Nicholson, G. P. A., A.,T. & S. F. Ry., Chicago.

ZARO, THE WONDER WORKER

Demonstrator For The Illinois Medical Institute

RHEUMATIC AND PARALYTIC CRIPPLES CURED FREE OF CHARGE.

STARTLING DEMONSTRATION AND FREE CLINIC, DIXON OPERA HOUSE, COMMENCING WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 5th. ADMISSION FREE TO ALL.

The Lame, Deaf, Blind, the Rheumatic, Paralytic and Sick will be Cured in Full View of the Audience, Without Cost and Without Price, by a New System of Medicine from Europe—No Laying on of Hands or Faith Cure—Fine Music.

HOUSE COOLED BY ELECTRIC FANS.

Never in modern history have such successes attended the labors of the physicians as are now attending those of the Illinois Medical Institute. In every section where they have introduced their new spstem of treatment comes the same gratifying result. Cripples from rheumatism and paralysis laugh, leap and shout for joy. Deaf ears and sightless eyes become again useful members of the body, and the multitudes bear living witness to these facts. In response to numerous requests by citizens of Dixon, representatives of the Institute will be sent here and can be seen at the Nachusa Hotel, commencing Tuesday morning, August 4th, at 9 o'clock. On Wednesday evening, August 5th, a series of free demonstrations and clinics will begin at the opera house continuing four or five evenings. At these lectures a limited number of rheumatic and paralytic cripples will be treated publicly free of all charge, provided they call at the doctor's office in the hotel, commencing Tuesday, August 4. This is done to demonstrate to the people of Dixon and vicinity the marvelous power wielded over disease by the representatives of this new system of treatment.

The physician in charge of the office here, Dr. A. L. Engle, has had a life of study and experience in his profession and has enjoyed advantages falling to the lot of but few.

The office at the Nachusa Hotel will be open every day from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m., commencing on Tuesday, August 4th, until further notice. Those wishing to take advantage of the liberal free treatment proposition must call at once at the office. Rheumatics and cripples who have not walked for years without canes or crutches, will be taken on the stage and given treatment, and on receiving it will throw away canes and crutches and go home without them.

It is predicted that the opera house will not hold the immense throng of people who will assemble there each evening. The doors will be open at 7 p. m. and the lecture will begin promptly at 8:15 p. m. Zaro, the lecturer of the institution, is the most original, as one of the most interesting lecturers on the platform in America today. One moment his audience is in tears, and the next they are convulsed with laughter. People who attend these lectures will see one of the most wonderful sights of their lives. Both the lecture and clinic are of a nature that any lady in the city can attend without fear of offense. During the lecture and at its conclusion a series of Edison's calcium light productions will be placed before the audience by a new and novel process, which cannot fail to both instruct and please.

Remember only a limited number of cripples can be taken each night and if you are lame, halt, deaf or blind, no matter for how long, come to the office at once.

The admission Wednesday evening is free to all. Dr. H. L. Engle gives consultation free to all. Hotel Nachusa, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Go to Brown for the best $2.00 cabinet photos. 23t7

Annual Campmeeting.

For this occasion the North-Western line will, from August 7 to 18, sell excursion tickets to Franklin Grove and return at very low rates. Tickets good returning until August 19, 1896. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y. d&w Aug 8-15.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS TO THE WEST AND NORTHWEST.

On August 4, 18, September 1, 15, 29, October 6 and 20, 1896, The North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western R'y) will sell Home Seekers' excursion tickets at very low rates to a large number of points in the West and Northwest.

For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y. 31&18t2

Don't forget the

Baptist Boat Excursion, Aug. 5

Tickets $1.75.

FOR RENT.

HOTEL known as Transient House, situated between I. C. & N. W. R'y's, 16 sleeping rooms, completely furnished. Terms reasonable. Address or call on owner at premises. JAMES DUFFY, Dixon, Ill. 32&26tf

HOUSE. Apply to Mrs. JOHN BROWN, corner of Peoria Ave. and 8th St. 26tf

TO some dairyman, 155 acres of good tilable land, with good Dwelling, a cow barn with stantions for 32 cows a good dairyhouse with a cool spring of water running through, a nice fish pool near same, good stables and plenty shelters for hay. In a healthy locality, one mile from Poutotoc, Miss. in the Poutotoc Co., State of Miss. Good schools, male and female, in the town. I will rent this farm for $400 00 per year to a Dairyman. For further information address S. M. BARR, R. M. S., Memphis, Tenn. 07t24*

FURNISHED ROOMS—Use of bath room—hot and cold water, gentlemen only. GEO. E. SHIELDS, No. 110 West 3rd St. 93tf

WANTED.

SMALL Horses and Mares to weigh from 900 to 1050 lbs. Will also buy Good Chunks weighing from 1200 to 1500 lbs. Will be at Manges' Feed Shed, Saturday, Aug. 8th. ABE KLEE & SON. 26t5&32t1

3 MEN to work on weekly salary. Apply at office of Dr. A. L. Miller on Saturday August 1st, from 8:00 to 9:00 a. m. 22t3*

ABE KLEE & SON will pay the highest market prices for good small horses and mares. Will be in Dixon, Ill., on July 31st, and August 1st, 1896, at Manges Feed Stable. 31&19w1

FOR SALE.

FRESH Cow. Inquire at 516 W. Third St. 26t3*

FRESH Vegetables and Fruit. Will be found on the streets each day. Wholesale and retail. Everything fresh. E. J. JACKSON. 26t6*

A NEW modern, eight-room house within 7 blocks of the Court House. Large airy rooms, oil finish, arranged for furnace. 160 barrel cistern, wood house, walks and every thing complete. Terms; Small cash payment down, balance monthly payments. LOVELAED & STITELEY, Real Estate and Loans. 54tf

JEWEL Vapor stove, four burners and large oven—good as new. $10.00. 15tf ALEXANDER & HOWELL.

SOME choice lots in North Dixon cheap. Three on North Crawford avenue, 75 feet by 150 feet. Two on North Court street, 50 by 150. One on North Dixon avenue, 60 by 150. Also an eight room house and lot on corner of North Crawford avenue and North Court street, HOLLIS PRESCOTT. 68t5mo Agent.

FOUND.

LADIES' Machintosh Cape—found on E. Everett St. Looser call at this office and identify same. 26t3

LADIES' Dark Maroon Cape—found on Island Park. Looser call at this office and identify same. 26t3

HELP WANTED—MALE.

SOLICITORS for the life of Major McKinley, the next president, by Murat Halstead, Chauncey Depew, Foraker, John Sherman and Mark Hanna, with biography of Hobart. A bonanza for agents, a gold mine for workers. Only $1 50. The only authorized book 50 per cent. Credit given. Freight paid. Outfit free. Begin now with the choice of territory. Permanent, profitable work for '96. Address, THE NATIONAL BOOK CONCERN, Star Building, Chicago. 19 Sept. 1 S.

TORNADOES!

Get insured before it is too late, with

Smith & Crabtree

Fire Insurance Agents.

Elegant line of Trousers

Just Received!

This line consists of fine Domestic and Imported Worsteds: an elegant selection of most desirable styles, that are often sold for $6.00 to $12 00, our price for the next two weeks $3.50 to $4.50. Call at once and look.

CHAS. A. TODD, Agent.

Room 18, Brown Block, up stairs.

GEO. SHAVER,



Livery and Boarding Stable

New and Second-hand Buggies for sale.

113 First Street, Telephone 34.

Quaker Bread!

I am better fixed to supply the great demand for my goods than ever, having lately added another wagon and placed it on the North Side, giving the North Side fresh Bakery goods for dinner.

The best service in Dixon for Ice Cream and Bakery Goods. Look for my white wagon.

C. E. GROVE,

55 First St. **The Baker.**

We Are Making Room

for FALL GOODS, which are arriving daily.

Look at Our Prices!

Good Looking-glass	10c	Tack Hammer	05
Good Potatoe Masher	5c np	Swan Down Face Powder	10c
Good Broom	10c	Meat pounder	5c
Chimneys, all sizes	5c	Enamaline Stove Polish	5c
Thread, 3 spools	5c	Tea Spoons, 6 for	5c
Pins, 14 rows	1c	Table Spoons 6 for	10c
Safty Pins, 2 dozen	5c	Good Scrubbing Brush	5c
Tacks, per box	1c	Lamp Burners	5c
Cloth Hooks, per dozen	10c	Can Openers	5c
1 Pacakage Envelopes	5c	Nursing Bottle, Complete	10c
1 Box Writing paper	10c	Good Tooth Brush	5c
Dolls	5c	1 Gross Agate Buttons	5c
Clothes Lines	10c	1 set Kitchen Spoon and Fork	25c
Wire Lines	25c	Soap Shaker	10c
Fly Paper, 6 sheets	5c	Jelly Glasses, per dozen	25c
Writing Tablets	1c	Hammocks, from 60c	up
Buttermilk Soap, per box	9c	Curtain Rods	15c
Dish Mop	5c	Machine Oil, per bottle	5c
Good Egg Beater	10c	Knife and Fork, each	5c
Ladies' Shoe Dressing, per bottle	10c	Hook and Eye Card	5c
Good Hair Brush	10c	Hand Brush	5c
Good Clothes Brush	10c	Ladies' Belt, 15c	up
Good Comb	5c	Ink, per bottle	5c
Curry-comb and Brush, each	10c	Mucilage	5c
Mouse Traps	5c	Mourning Pins, 2 boxs	5c
Rat Traps	10c	25 sheets, Shelf Paper	5c
Curling Irons	5c	Hair Pins, 2 bunches	5c
Shoe Brush	10c	Darning Cotton, each	1c
Ladies' Black Hose	10c	Boys' Waists	15c
Hatchet or Hammer	10c	1 Gallon Crock	5c

Our Grocery Department is full of Bargains. Give our Tinware Department a look over.

FAMOUS,

5 and 10c Store.

15 First Street, Dixon, Ill. Look for Sign.

DIXON MUSIC COMPANY. 14 EAST FIRST ST.

Dixon, Illinois.

GREAT

Childs' Clothing clearance Sale!

150 Childs' Knee Pant Suits, divided into TWO LOTS.

Lot No. 1.--Choice Per Suit, $2.00

Suits that have been selling for $3 00, $3 50 and $4 00.

Lot No. 2.--Choice Per Suit, $3.00

This lot is the best offering ever shown; suits that have been selling from $4 50 to $7.00. These two lots are mostly small sizes, 5, 6, 7 and 8 year old, but they are the most evtraordinary Bargains ever shown in Children's Clothing.

Don't Fail to See Them on Sale in our Show Window!

S. Rosenthal & Son,

14 First Street, Dixon Ill.